









# TOURISTS VE SWEDEN COPENHAGEN

of Peace Party Stakes  
Hope on Denmark;  
Secret Papers?

AROLYN WILSON,  
DEPENDENT OF THE TRIBUNE,  
ABLE TO CHICAGO TRIBUNE  
M. via London, Dec. 29, 4:30  
Rosika Schwimmer, Florence  
principal of the Forerunner  
Chicago, and other members  
relation left here Tuesday  
Copenhagen to make advance  
for the reception of the ex-

tion that inability to obtain  
locking here is responsible for  
departure.  
the refusal of Germany to per-  
improbable that Copenhagen  
breaking up of the mission  
received from Copenhagen  
the party said that Denmark  
give the Ford delegates the  
welcome. The message  
Denmark looks with favor  
effort to end the war.

Has Typhoid Fever.  
Nov. Dec. 28.—The dissem-  
Nov. 18. Hanna of North  
fever has been diagnosed  
The governor, who  
the Ford peace expedition  
Joseph's hospital. The  
the hospital are hopeful of  
recovery, owing to his  
constitution.

PEND 3 FIREMEN  
nell, chief of the bureau of  
least night he will run  
firemen in his department  
bills were voted by  
yesterday as soon as he  
action of the grand jury  
J. Leonard, J. J. Sheehan  
Kelly. They were charged  
to bribe Ald. Oscar De-  
effort to secure promotion  
helps.

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Statement Made by Buchanan.  
Following is Mr. Buchanan's state-  
ment:  
"I have read a statement that I, to-  
gether with others, have been indicted  
conspiring to call strikes in ammu-  
nition plants in violation of the federal  
laws during my activities and dis-  
semination with Labor's National Peace  
council, which was organized for the  
purpose of crystallizing the sentiment  
against this country from becoming in-  
volved in the European war and to secure  
the government monopoly of the manu-  
facture of munitions of war, as well as  
to exercise its influence for permanent  
peace and the fellowship of  
peoples."

"I consider it not only a right to ex-  
ercise my influence as I have been for the  
twenty years for peace and the fellow-  
ship of man, but a duty. I at no time  
conspired with or gave any considera-  
tion to the question of strikes in mun-  
ition plants or otherwise."  
"To me this indictment has all the ap-  
pearance of a frame-up for the purpose of  
preventing a system of militarism  
which is the most dangerous proposition  
that has ever confronted the American  
people."

"I urge the impeachment charges  
which I have read against H. Snowden  
Schwimmer, chief attorney for the south-  
eastern division of New York, going to  
consider that I am a resident of this  
country and the people, in the hope that  
I may play a small part in purifying that  
country."

WITNESSES TELL STORIES.  
Two government witnesses Testi-  
fied against Congressman Frank Buchan-  
an and seven other men who were in-  
dicted for conspiring to prevent the man-  
ufacture of munitions by the New  
York grand jury.

Charles H. Canode, president of  
the Canode Printing company of  
State street. Mr. Canode was a  
member of the Labor Peace coun-  
cil and was one of the men from whom the story  
of the frame-up was obtained.

Witnesses told that they had been  
told by a man from whom the story  
of the frame-up was obtained.

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told by a man from whom the story  
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## INDICTED IN WAR PLOT CASE

Top (left to right)—Frank S. Monnett, Congressman Frank Buchanan.  
Below (left to right)—David Lamar, Ex-Congressman J. Robt. Fowler.



## LABOR PEACE COUNCIL; ITS 'ANTI-WAR' WORK.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 28.—(Special.)—Labor's National Peace Council has been under fire ever since it was organized here last summer.

On the day before Secretary of State Bryan resigned from President Wilson's cabinet, Congressman Buchanan arrived in Washington. He called on Mr. Bryan and had a long conference with him. After his call, in answer to questions as to whether he intended to attempt the organization of union men into an anti-war group, he said he had not thought of the matter in just that light, but that he intended to exert all his influence to line him up against war and in favor of peace at almost any price.

After the excitement over Mr. Bryan's resignation had died down, Buchanan, together with other labor leaders, signed a call for a gathering in Washington to discuss Labor's National Peace Council. The council was formed and he was elected president. He announced that it represented the sentiment of union laboring men throughout the country.

This announcement attracted the attention of Samuel R. Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. Gompers went gunning for the peace council and after a few weeks of firing he dynamited Buchanan out of the position of president. Buchanan was succeeded by J. Taylor, who was among those indicted today. He wrote letters to a series of communications which were issued from his office let the world know that he did not regard the council as a bona fide organization, but rather as a part of the German propaganda in this country.

When Buchanan was elected president of the former Congressmen Fowler of Illinois was elected general counsel.

Fowler immediately began work in an effort to enlist the government's aid to harass all munitions manufacturers in the country. He wrote letters to the government demanding instruction to banks not to accept the paper of munitions makers. When the board intimating that "direct action" would be taken to accomplish the ends he desired. He declined then and he has refused steadily since to explain what he meant by the words "direct action."

Immediately after the threat was uttered, however, strikes began to occur with amazing frequency. In munition plants throughout the country. In addition to the strikes a number of plants were burned down or destroyed or damaged by explosions. The government's attention was turned to ferreting out the cause of all this labor trouble, explosions, and fires.

Soon Mr. Gompers announced he had evidence of the improper use of money to bring about labor troubles. He turned this evidence over to the department of justice. The department in turn called upon him to appear before the New York grand jury. This he did and it was largely on his testimony, according to reports from New York, that the indictments were returned.

Although Congressman Buchanan's official connection with the council ended last summer within a few weeks after he was elected president, ex-Congressman Fowler has devoted practically all of his time to it ever since its organization.

Another is William F. Kramer, also a vice president of the peace council and international secretary of the Brotherhood of Blacksmiths.

Facts Given by Canode.  
This is the story told by Mr. Canode:  
"Congressman Buchanan and ex-Congressman Robert Fowler and H. B. Martin were the principal promoters of the organization of the Labor Peace Council. They were to furnish the money, or procure it for the council, and to see that it was in conflict with the laws of the country or the fundamental principles of the government."

"I consider it not only a right to exercise my influence as I have been for the twenty years for peace and the fellowship of man, but a duty. I at no time conspired with or gave any consideration to the question of strikes in munition plants or otherwise."

## BOY-ED SCORES AMERICAN PRESS BEFORE SAILING

Providence Journal Denies His  
Charges and Takes Hot  
Shot at Attache.

New York, Dec. 28.—Capt. Karl Boy-Ed, the recalled German naval attaché, Col. Edward M. House, President Wilson's special emissary, and Brand Whitlock, American minister at Brussels, boarded the steamship Rotterdam within a few minutes of each other today, to sail for Europe.

Col. House and Mr. Whitlock were uncommunicative, but Capt. Boy-Ed gave out a written statement, in which he denounced what he characterized "the reckless utterances of an irresponsible person," and predicted that the American government would "in self-defense" some day find it necessary to curb such utterances.

Col. House said he would visit the American embassy at London, Paris, and Berlin, and possibly Vienna.

Capt. Boy-Ed's Statement.  
Capt. Boy-Ed issued the following statement just before leaving New York:

"Before this terrific war broke out I had the great fortune of having served almost two and a half years for my emperor as naval attaché to the German embassy at Washington."

"Of course, I refrain at the hour of my departure from again refuting all the stories which were told about me in the American press and which mostly—like the silly Hueria tale—were invented by the Providence Journal."

"This paper with its British born Mr. Rathbone has done its utmost to create an almost hysterical suspicion of spies throughout the country in order to prejudice public opinion against Germany."

"We Germans do not understand what you call your 'free press.' We do not permit the diplomatic representatives of friendly governments to be insulted at will by our government to be embarrassed in its dealings with other nations by the wild and reckless utterances of an irresponsible press like the Providence Journal."

Say U. S. Munitions Prolong War.  
While our enemies have been and are being supplied from this country with all sorts of munitions of war, without which they would have long since been overcome, I have been denounced from one end of the country to the other for having been concerned at the outset of the war in chartering ships to supply our enemies with coal and food."

"A few days later Martin left and I haven't seen him since. I told this to the grand jury. I told them all I knew, because I feel it my duty to go to the front on a thing like this. Had I any suspicion that all was not right I would have revealed it at the start."

"I have since learned that Franz von Rintelen came to this country with the money to be spent in fostering strikes and financing various plots and schemes. His right hand man was David Lamar."

"How Much Money Needed?"  
"A man named Ike J. Cundiff, a machinist, was tried to organize strikes. Cundiff, as far as I know, is honest. He was instructed one time to go to Hoon, N. Y., and help out in a threatened strike. He found the trouble all settled. He had been instructed to sign all communications with the letter 'K.'"

"He sent back the following message in substance:  
"Strike here is settled. My presence is unnecessary. Await your orders."  
"Cundiff is alleged to have received back the following message:  
"Stay on the job. How much money will it take? Wire me the amount."

"Well, Cundiff was not going to be a party to murdering any one and he replied that no money was necessary, as the strike was settled."

"I believe there was in numerous cases such an element—a trick to mulct the German agents themselves."

Hope Buchanan Is Clear.  
"How far the indicted men were involved in these doings is for the trial jury to decide. I had hoped that Congressman Buchanan was innocent. In fact, I still would be pleased to learn he had proved himself so. I liked Frank but I cannot understand why he did not plainly throughout the country. In addition to the strikes a number of plants were burned down or destroyed or damaged by explosions. The government's attention was turned to ferreting out the cause of all this labor trouble, explosions, and fires."

When I was shown the minute book and other documents of the Labor Peace council while in New York I was amazed to find that some one had torn out the original minutes in the handwriting of L. P. Straube of Chicago and had substituted other pages. The substituted pages told of the passing of a resolution which was an utterance of rank treason and would have been a disgrace for any American citizen to condone. I was present every minute of the meeting at Washington and was positive no such resolutions had been passed. I could see that the substitution had been made by some one interested in showing the German agents that the Labor Peace council was advocating sabotage and violating the principles of the American government."

"Upon closer examination I saw that the resolution had been written on paper bearing the letterhead of the Labor Peace council. The official letterheads of the peace council were printed by my own firm, but this resolution was written on an imitation letterhead and had been printed by a firm in Washington, as I discovered from the water mark. Also it did not bear the union label."

Puts Blame on Others.  
William F. Kramer, one of the vice presidents of the Labor Peace council, had the following to say:  
"The gang went about the work and got away with it by pretending to be agents of the Labor Peace Council. The Labor Peace council knew nothing about their acts, and had any of those fellows applied for membership it would have been denied."

## SAVE THE POLES.

Gov. Dunne's Proclamation Cites  
Great Men Suffering Race  
Gave to Columbia.

This proclamation, issued on the strength of the appeal of the Polish National Council of America, 984 Milwaukee avenue, was sent by Gov. Dunne yesterday to the office of the Polish National council, S. Adamkiewicz, president.

PROCLAMATION.  
Whereas, The president of the United States, actuated by humane and praiseworthy charitable motives has set aside Jan. 1, 1916, as a day appropriate for contributions to the Red Cross society for the relief of the starving and war stricken people of Poland; and

Whereas, From reliable sources it appears that hundreds of thousands, if not millions, of the unfortunate people of Poland are upon the verge of starvation, destitute of both food and clothing, and unless speedy relief is obtained they must die of want.

Now, therefore, I, Edward F. Dunne, governor of the state of Illinois, do hereby earnestly call upon the charitable disposed people of this great state to contribute from their abundance to the Red Cross fund for the relief of these destitute and suffering people of Poland.

Let us not forget that a Pulaski and a Kosciuszko risked their lives in the war of the American revolution and that millions of the brave men and virtuous women of the Polish nation have contributed materially to the building up of this nation.

I respectfully call upon the people of the state of Illinois on Jan. 1, 1916, to contribute generously to the relief fund for the Polish people.

All subscriptions should be sent to the Red Cross society for use in Poland. Any subscriptions received at the governor's office, Springfield, will be forwarded to the Red Cross society to be used expressly for the relief of the Polish people.

## RUBENS PAINTING REPOSES AMONG FISH AND SAUSAGES?

Supposed Old Masterpiece, Said to  
Have Been in Chicago Fire,  
Bought by Storekeeper.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 28.—(Special.)—Sam Parkin, 908 East McMillan street, a sausage dealer, thinks he has a Rubens. A woman today brought it into his store, saying she would like to sell it to keep from starving.

Parkin bought it and placed it in his show window among sausages, smoked herring, and other commodities. Certain articles near Parkin's store. The picture among the sausages started when they inspected the painting and were surprised to find this inscription on the back:

"Hebe, cupbearer to the heathen gods, by Rubens. Saved from the Chicago fire. Parkin late today hastened with the picture to the art museum of this city, where it will be put to the test of most expert analysis."

Newton H. Carpenter, director of the Chicago Art institute, said he never heard of such a picture being in Chicago.

## CONFESSION OF DUAL LIFE COSTS WIFE AND CHILDREN.

James Lewis Admits Shady Life  
and Mate Packs Up and Goes to  
Parents.

Confession may be good for the soul, but it has cost James Lewis his home, his wife, and his three children. He is locked up in the Oak Park police station on a charge of burglary. With him is Frank Sanders, known in the district around Thirty-third and Cottage Grove avenue as "Dutch Evans."

After Lewis made some admissions a detective went to his apartment, 3224 South Park avenue, and recovered valuables estimated at \$1,000. Mrs. Lewis was angry at first, but when the light of Lewis' life dawned upon her she broke down, wept her denial of any knowledge of Lewis' shady life, and took her children back to the home of her parents in Garrett, Ind.

Lewis was affected when told his wife had been informed and said he would confess if he could talk to her, but attempts at long distance communication failed.

## GOOD AIR IN SCHOOLS ISSUE.

Engineers Say It Disturbs Heating  
System, but Dr. Robertson  
Is for Open Windows.

## FRENCH TROOPS TAKE TRENCHES IN THE VOSGES

Berlin Reports That Allied At-  
tack on Westende from Sea  
Caused Little Damage.

French troops, renewing the offensive in the Vosges, took possession of German trenches near Hartmannsweilerkopf. Allied monitors bombarded Westende, near Ostend, but the loss was small. Elsewhere the artillery action was intense.

FRENCH OFFICIAL STATEMENT.  
PARIS, Dec. 28.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

In Belgium our artillery exploded a munitions depot in front of Steenstraete.

In Artois we effectively bombarded the railway station at Lens and the sector of Angres. In the region of Reims shells from our batteries directed on the enemy works in the wood to the west of Prunay, caused a great loss.

At Hartmannsweilerkopf we took possession of some trenches which the enemy still held between the two summits of Rohlfenstein and Hirsenstein. One hundred prisoners, including an officer, remained in our hands.

An unusually large percentage of German officers have been captured by the French in the severe fighting on Hartmannsweilerkopf. Some of the French officers were angry because Berlin officially denied the French claim that twenty-three German officers and 1,300 men were captured. To disprove this statement they had the German prisoners file by. There were 1,300 unwounded men in line by actual count.

German Official Statement.  
BERLIN, Dec. 28.—The text of today's statement by army headquarters is as follows:

In Westende three inhabitants, including two women, were killed by fire from enemy monitors.

On Hirsenstein a French advance was carried out early this morning. Detailed reports are not available.

Active railway traffic at the Rothen station was stopped by our artillery. The French have provided a hospital, situated in the immediate neighborhood of the railway station, with a Red Cross flag, apparently to protect the railway station. Thus the possibility of the hospital being hit by chance is not excluded.

## SHE THINKS HER SORORITY WORSE THAN 'POISON' PEN.

Minnesota Girl 'Called On' by Chi-  
cago Young Man Kept Busy De-  
fying Engagement.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 28.—(Special.)—Cora Anderson of Preston, Minn., now in La Crosse hospital, today declared that a "poison pen" has nothing on a college sorority when it comes to scattering gossip about love affairs. She made the statement in denying her engagement to Walter Hansen, a Chicago newspaper man, who has been at La Crosse and Preston twice recently to call on her. As a result, she asserts, she has been bombarded with cards of congratulations from sorority sisters, flowers, and all sorts of telephone calls.

The two were classmates at Northwestern university. After graduation Mr. Hansen went to Chicago to work. A few weeks ago Mr. Hansen was in St. Paul on a story and stopped to call at Preston. Later Miss Anderson was brought here for an appendicitis operation. Mr. Hansen was also here on a short trip at that time. When asked about the engagement he asked what Miss Anderson said. When told she denied it he said:

"Even the report of an engagement can't be true."

## COLD SHOULDER TURNED TO BOYS FROM FAR EAST.

Diminutive Filipinos, Trying to  
Work Way Through College,  
Are Barred from Job After Job.

Will some one kindly come to the rescue of Santos H. Mistic and Sofronia Laybys, students, respectively, in the law and medical schools of Northwestern university?

Santos and Sofronia worked their way from the Philippines recently to get an education in Chicago. Their funds were low when they arrived, and Lucius Hollister, secretary of the Northwestern Y. M. C. A., set out to get them jobs.

They have applied at some dozens of places, only to be turned down by prospective employers who have taken them either for Negroes or Chinamen. And they can't get regular Ethiopean jobs because they are just 4 feet 9 inches tall—ape-like.

Kindly authorities at the two schools have refrained from pressing bills for tuition, but they declared yesterday that they don't know what the young men are going to do about incomes unless they change their physiognomy.

## MRS. TRIEBER GOING HOME.

Awaiting Funds in Hartford,  
Conn., Before Leaving for  
Dayton, O.

## PREPARING FOR RUSH ON EGYPT?

Von Mackensen Directing  
Work of Gathering Sup-  
plies for Teutons, Report.

PARIS HEARS RUMORS.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Telegrams from Bucharest declare that Field Marshal von Mackensen is directing preparations for a powerful expedition against Egypt. A Havas dispatch from Rome says. Advice to the Messagero from the Roumanian capital, it is added, are that a number of trains loaded with munitions have been sent to Turkey, including one train of twenty-five flat cars laden with the parts of two 16 inch mortars and shells for the use of the guns, the shipment being destined for use in the Egyptian campaign.

Reports that Germany is preparing to move against the Suez canal and Egypt with a mixed force of Turks, Germans, and Austrians are current in Paris. Some of the reports go into details, it being said that the army probably will consist of from 300,000 to 500,000 men, and that a four track railway is being built across the semi-arid region toward Suez.

British Dispersing Arabs.  
LONDON, Dec. 28.—Energetic action is being taken by the British authorities in Egypt to suppress Bessui border raids. Dispatches from Cairo today said the Arab bands are being dispersed as rapidly as they are encountered by British forces and driven westward toward the frontier of Tripoli.

The Italian military officials, it was announced will cooperate with the British in ending the border attacks on isolated Egyptian posts.

West of Mount Medina, New Zealand, and Sikhs drove the enemy forces west of Wadi Hajid in a running fight Christmas day, a dispatch from Cairo said today. "In the Siwah district (southwest of Alexandria) we have been unable to discover traces of the enemy forces dispersed on Christmas day."

Turkish Official Report.  
CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 28.—The following official statement was issued today:

Irak (Mesopotamia) front: An enemy detachment with two machine guns and a considerable number of horsemen, which was protected by two monitors while proceeding from Iman Aligah, east of Kut-el-Amara, in order to come to the assistance of Kut-el-Amara, was repulsed in the direction of Aligah.

Irak (Mesopotamia) front: An enemy detachment with two machine guns and a considerable number of horsemen, which was protected by two monitors while proceeding from Iman Aligah, east of Kut-el-Amara, in order to come to the assistance of Kut-el-Amara, was repulsed in the direction of Aligah.

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## To Enjoy the New Year

Buy Fresh Candy  
at Factory Prices

Benedetto  
Allegretti &

"Prime Seconds"

4 Lbs. \$1.00  
Full Net Weight in All Boxes

14-oz.-25¢  
ASSORTED FLAVORS

Thousands of our patrons, everywhere, will assure you that our Prime Seconds are really worth more than 60¢ the pound—being absolutely fresh and pure and most delicious.

Factory Salesman  
224 Randolph Street  
Just West of Fifth Ave. "L"  
Close Daily 5:30 P. M.

USE "LIQUO-CHOCOLAT"  
1 1/4 Lb. Ready-to-Serve, 30¢  
For Beverages, Cake Frosting, Dessert Sauce, etc.

STEEL TRUCK BODIES  
METAL DELIVERY BODIES  
Made in Italy, lengths to suit any car. Prices \$12.50 and up delivered. Ready to bolt to chassis. Highly finished and painted inside and out. Lumbering, etc. Carried in stock—quality assured. Write for prices and catalogue. Also Auto Garage, 2815 and 2817, Write today.

CHICAGO STEEL TANK COMPANY,  
1524 West 33rd Street, Kansas City, Mo.

Be an early  
\$25 Suits + 9 coats  
now \$17.50  
= at Joreman's  
\$30 Suits + 9 coats  
now \$22.50  
= at Joreman's  
\$35 Suits + 9 coats  
now \$27.50  
= at Joreman's  
all sizes  
Joreman's  
63-67 W. WASHINGTON STREET  
(BETWEEN DEARBORN AND CLARK)

SAVE SYSTEMATICALLY  
FOR A  
\$500 GUARANTEED FIRST FARM  
MORTGAGE BOND  
Ten Dollars Monthly  
\$250 GUARANTEED FIRST FARM  
MORTGAGE BOND  
Five Dollars Monthly  
\$100 GUARANTEED FIRST FARM  
MORTGAGE BOND  
Two Dollars Monthly  
\$50 GUARANTEED FIRST FARM  
MORTGAGE BOND  
Forty-Five Week Saving Club—Five Cents Starts You  
5% INTEREST 5%  
"While You Are Saving"  
Woodruff Trust Company  
Joliet, Illinois  
Capital \$500,000.00  
137 South La Salle Street  
SEND FOR OUR PLAN







## PAST LIFE HAUNTS GILLETT IN FIGHT FOR HIS CHILDREN

Court to Decide if Man Can  
Come Back from Sinful Life  
and Be a Good Father.

(Continued from first page.)

faced bravely. But it was no use. In the end he admitted almost all the accusations buried at him.

**Can Man Come Back?**  
On a man come back and by purged character and right living fit himself to have the care and custody of children once taken from him by a court? This is the question upon which the whole case hinges and that is the problem which Judge Smith must decide.

The Gilletts were married in 1902. Their wedding was an event in exclusive society. They lived together until 1912, when Mrs. Gillett obtained a divorce on uncontroverted grounds of habitual drunkenness. The mother was awarded the custody of the two children. A year and three days after her decree was entered, Mrs. Gillett married Harold J. Bryant, a wealthy Englishman, in Boston.

**An Oath of His Own.**  
In taking the oath as a witness, Mr. Gillett added gratuitously: "And I also swear that I have not touched liquor since 1911." It is on his record for sobriety since the divorce that he bases his hope for a decision in his favor. It was shown specifically that he was financially able to take care of his children.

In his opening testimony Mr. Gillett said he was 39 years old, lived at 1342 North Dearborn street and was president of the Wisconsin Free Carriers company. "Since my divorce," said Mr. Gillett, "I have scarcely been permitted by my former wife to see my children. In 1912 they were taken to Europe by their mother and upon their return went to Palm Beach for an extended term. After they came back to Chicago I called to see my little son at my wife's home in Lake Forest. He was brought in carefully guarded by two nurses. I was not allowed to touch him and was permitted to talk to him only a very little while. As the nurses pulled him out of the room I told him I loved him. He stuck out his tongue mockingly at me.

**The French Nurse.**  
On another occasion when I wished to visit Elizabeth she was ill and her mother forced me to send out a doctor to examine her to see if she could stand the shock of seeing her father. The doctor's verdict being favorable I was permitted to call. She was brought in by a nurse who continually talked to her in French, which I do not understand, and signaled to her with her hands not to answer questions.

Telephone calls were made on October 1914, and asked her if I might see the children again. She said I had no business being there and that neither of them wanted to see me and both hated me. Besides, she said, I was not fit to see them. She said she would quit her job and she hoped I would quit, too, and that she would make strange requests about seeing the children. I replied that I loved my boy and girl and asked if there wasn't some way I could see them regularly without going to her court. She said no there wasn't and if I went to court she would take the stand and tell all she knew about me. My former wife has eliminated in every way, as far as she has been able, the children's knowledge of their father.

**Threat to Break Company?**  
Mr. Gillett said Attorney Ralph M. Shaw of his former wife's counsel had said to have an audit made of the affairs of the Wisconsin Free Carriers company. After Mr. Gillett had permitted this Mr. Shaw told him, he said, the company was insolvent. Just before Christmas, he said, Mr. Shaw called him and said he believed he would "smash" the company.

"But if you are nice," he told me, "Mr. Gillett said: 'I'll not make it very disagreeable for you.'"

In answer to questions regarding his financial condition, Mr. Gillett said he received a salary of \$3,000 a year as president of the Chicago Photographic company; \$1,800 as president of the Champion Chemical works, and a dividend of about \$2,400 a year from the Guaranty company, and \$3,000 from the Sheran-Gillett company. He said his income was between \$10,000 and \$20,000 annually. Judge Smith stopped this line of inquiry after Mr. Gillett had shown he was amply able to care for his children.

**Cross Examination Opens.**  
Right here Mr. Gillett entered the stormy waters of cross-examination. "When you were divorced in 1912," said Attorney Everett, "were you financially embarrassed?"

"Very likely," Mr. Gillett returned nonchalantly.

A—Since the year after the divorce have you paid a cent to the support of your children? A—No.

Q—You drank heavily in the last few years of your married life? A—Yes.

Q—You would come home drunk three or four times a week, would you not? A—Not more than two or three times a week. I should say.

Q—Did you use to frequent the Lamba cafe? A—I was never there more than two or three times in my life.

Q—Were you once ordered out because you became involved in a drunken fight? A—I left to avoid getting into a fight.

Q—Can't Smiley Corbett, the proprietor, tell you never to come back? A—No.

Q—Do you recall the night you were a member of a dinner party at the Lamba?

## PLAYERS IN A DOMESTIC DRAMA.

In Charles Gillett's Fight to Regain Possession of His Son and Daughter Keen, Merciless Lawyers Lay Bare His Wicked Past Life. His Former Wife Has Named Their Children After Her Present Husband, Harold J. Bryant.



ELIZABETH BRYANT  
MRS. A. WATSON ARMOUR

CHARLES W. GILLETT

given by George M. Cohan: A—I don't remember.

Q—Think again. Don't you recall in 1910 or 1911 that you and George M. Cohan and a party of friends left the Lamba and went to a notorious club, where you ordered the doors locked for the night? A—No.

"May Have Been in Resort."

Q—Were you ever in that club? A—I may have been.

Q—How many times? A—Not more than two or three.

Q—That was while you were married? A—It certainly was not after I was divorced.

Q—Were you ever all night away from home? A—Yes.

Q—Isn't it true that during 1910 and 1911 you were away from home all night two or three times a week? A—I think so.

Q—How long did this continue? A—I think about two years.

Q—Didn't you tell your wife about your fight in the Lamba's cafe and say that Corbett told you that you and Negroes never would be admitted in the future? A—No.

Q—On Dec. 30, 1911, you and your wife lived at 2218 Prairie avenue, did you not? A—Yes.

Q—Is that where you came home drunk and tore down the pictures and broke the furniture? A—Yes.

Q—Where was your wife at the time? A—At the theater.

Q—You were expected to be a member of the same theater party, were you not? A—Yes.

Q—But you remained away because of your condition? A—I was sick that day and the next.

**Not a Laugh for Gillett.**

The courtroom laughed so uproariously that Judge Smith called for order when Mr. Everett said, "Particularly next day, I suppose." Mr. Gillett did not join in the laughter. He insisted he had had pneumonia.

Q—What time did you get home that day? A—Around 9 o'clock in the afternoon.

Q—You drank a quart of vermouth before dinner, didn't you? A—No.

Q—You went out into the front yard and tore a paling off the fence? A—Yes.

Q—Then you hid in a doorway under the front steps? A—Yes.

Q—Your intention was to lie in wait for your wife and kill her on her return from the theater, was it not? A—No, I was only fooling. My cousin, Paul Gillett, was with me, and I was staging all this for his benefit. It was a joke.

**Denies Breaking Statutory.**

Q—Did you break the statutory for his benefit? A—There was no statutory.



MR. GILLETT'S DAY IS SPENT, ACCORDING TO HIS ACCOUNT, AT WORK, AT AN ATHLETIC CLUB OR EITHER AT WORK OR AT THE THEATER. THE ONLY TIME SPENT AT HOME IS DEVOTED TO SLEEP BECAUSE OF EXTREME LONELINESS.

Charles W. Gillett, a fight to recover his two children from the custody of his divorced wife, now Mrs. Harold J. Bryant, was begun yesterday before Judge Smith in the Circuit court.

Mr. Bryant, captain of the Onwenta polo team, sat beside his wife in court, and her sister, Mrs. A. Watson Armour, was an interested spectator.

The children, christened Elizabeth Gillett and Charles W. Gillett Jr., but now known as Elizabeth Bryant and Parker Bryant, were the center of interest.

Mr. Gillett, who was divorced because of drunkenness, told the court he had not touched a drop for four years, and to prove what an abstemious life he led he outlined his daily routine.

He arises at 7, he said, and takes a cup of tea, but no breakfast. He reaches his office at 9 and works till noon, when he has luncheon.

In the afternoon he engages in athletic exercise, playing handball, polo, golf, tennis or wrestling or swimming. After dinner he goes to the theater or works in his office. He rarely spends his evenings at home, he said, because of loneliness.

Q—What did you break? A—About everything else.

Q—Your children were at home at the time? A—They were in their rooms asleep.

Q—Didn't you go into Elizabeth's room and tear a picture down from the wall? A—No.

Q—And didn't your actions so frighten the child that she suffered from nervous prostration for a year afterwards? A—She suffered from nervous prostration, but it was from an entirely different cause.

Q—The police were called, and you were searched for a gun? A—Yes.

Q—Didn't friends go to your wife before she returned home and warn her not to come, as you would kill her? A—I believe Paul Gillett met her a block or so away and warned her. At least, he told me afterwards he did.

**Nurse Locked Doors.**

Q—Did not the nurse lock the doors of your children's sleeping apartments finally? A—I believe she did.

Q—She was afraid you would kill them? A—No, I don't believe that.

Q—Did Paul Gillett call a taxi and take you driving to try to quiet you down? A—Yes.

Q—This was the occasion that brought your married life to a close? A—Yes.

Q—Your wife refused to live with you after that? A—Yes.

Q—Your wife had left you three times before this? A—Yes.

Q—Each time you begged forgiveness and she took you back? A—Yes.

Q—Were you ever unfaithful to your wife? A—Never in thought, word, or deed.

Q—Did you ever tell her that you were? A—Yes, I told her so.

Q—Did you ever pay \$1,000 for a seal-skin coat for another woman? A—Never.

**Often Under Arrest.**

Q—Were you arrested in 1911? A—Yes. I was blocking the street in an automobile in front of the Illinois theater.

Q—Were you ever arrested at other times? A—I have been arrested several times for spoiling.

Q—Were you ever arrested for smuggling? A—Never.

Q—Were you president of the Automobile Importing company? A—Yes.

Q—And wasn't your company fined \$10,000 by the federal authorities for smuggling? A—It was fined, but I made a trip to Washington and explained the circumstances to Secretary Cortelyou. The company had been threatened with suits for \$50,000. The so-called smuggling was in the importing of automobile accessories. Mr. Cortelyou reduced the fine to \$5,000. I knew nothing of the smuggling charges. You can't make me out a smuggler.

Q—Did you ever throw a candlestick at your wife? A—Never.

Q—Didn't Mrs. Gillett stop with her head a candlestick which you hurled across the room? A—No.

**A Broken Pledge.**

Q—When your wife left you in 1910 she took you back on your promise to quit drinking? A—Yes.

Q—But you went back to drinking within ten days, did you not? A—Possibly; I don't remember the time.

Q—Were you in Fort Worth, Tex., with your wife in January, 1910? A—Yes.

Q—Do you remember you were drunk and broke an omnibus window and threatened to shoot a dog? A—I don't recall anything like that.

Q—Did you use to frequent the saloons and dance halls where women congregate? A—Yes, I might as well admit it.

Q—When you were in New York, didn't you fall off a chair in Sherry's? A—Yes.

Q—Drunk? A—Well, the chair didn't walk out from under me. I guess I was.

**Life at Waldorf.**

Q—Do you recall an occasion at the Waldorf when you were so drunk it took three house detectives to hold you while a doctor gave you a hypodermic? A—I remember I had too much to drink there, but I had no such experience with house detectives.

Q—Was Mrs. Watson Armour, your wife's sister, there at the time? A—Yes.

Q—In 1909 were you found by a colored policeman lying dead drunk on the sidewalk in Lake Forest? A—No, I was sitting on the curb on that occasion and I was intoxicated.

Q—Didn't a policeman take you home? A—He walked with me while I went home.

Q—Did your old nurse at your home ever scratch your face? A—Yes. I wished to test my wife's love for me. I made some accusation against my wife in the presence of the nurse, and the nurse flew at me and dug her nails into my cheeks. My wife made no move to prevent her. That was proof enough for me that my wife's protestations of affection were not true.

**Attacks His Pledge.**

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Court adjourned with the cross examination still under way. Mr. Gillett's grilling will be continued today.

**Bells in Girlhood.**

Before her marriage Mrs. Gillett, now Mrs. Bryant, was Miss Elizabeth Bryant of Chicago. She and her sister, Miss Elma Parker, now Mrs. A. Watson Armour, were acknowledged beauties and belles. They were daughters of Mrs. Augustus A. Parker, sister of Mrs. H. O. Stone.

In 1910 Mrs. Gillett became the center of a few mystery. Her necklace of 103 pearls was stolen from her boudoir, and the \$25,000 insurance company refused to pay the \$1,000 insurance. Nearly a year after the theft John De Lette and Isala De Muelmeister, formerly butler and maid in the Gillett ménage, were arrested in Philadelphia and confessed the theft. The prisoners had once been in the service of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, President Fallieres of France, and German noble families, and had robbed them all.

Mr. Gillett is the son of the late E. W. Gillett, wealthy baking powder manufacturer of Chicago and Toronto. He is a graduate of Yale and a member of the Chicago, Union League, South Shore, Onwenta, and Wheaton Polo clubs.

**SEE NO LOW MEAT PRICES.**

Speakers Before Science Society Assert Cost Will Remain High and Substitutes Profitable.

Columbus, O., Dec. 28.—Speakers before the American Association for the Advancement of Science today predicted that there will be no reduction in the price of meats in the near future, and that diets will continue to find it profitable to devise substitutes for meat.

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# The Chicago Tribune

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 ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 8, 1908, AT  
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 MARCH 3, 1879.

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 the Tribune assumes no responsibility for their safe custody or return.

## TRIBUNE CIRCULATION FOR SEVEN DECEMBERS

| Daily            | Sunday           |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1908.....171,032 | 1908.....296,816 |
| 1909.....174,074 | 1909.....300,009 |
| 1910.....234,111 | 1910.....357,845 |
| 1911.....236,226 | 1911.....363,465 |
| 1912.....246,061 | 1912.....366,977 |
| 1913.....259,958 | 1913.....392,664 |
| 1914.....318,761 | 1914.....524,800 |
| 1915.....354,520 | 1915.....558,396 |

Growth in  
 7 years.....153,488  
 7 years.....261,580  
 \*Average for six months ending Sept. 30, 1915.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1915.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with  
 foreign nations may she always be in the  
 right; but our country, right or wrong."  
 —Stephen Decatur.

## PAYING THE PRICE.

England is giving the United States some timely  
 lessons in what we will need them. One of the questions  
 before congress is whether we shall adopt as a  
 measure of adequate defense the policy of com-  
 pulsory service.

The principle, as THE TRIBUNE has pointed out,  
 is already embodied in our laws. The only question  
 before congress and the country is whether we  
 shall make that principle effective in time of  
 peace or wait until war conditions compel us.

England, like ourselves, has clung to the latter  
 plan, and is paying the price, not only in continual  
 reverses of her armies abroad but in the gravest  
 social disturbance and political schism at home.

At a moment when her fortunes are dark with  
 peril and there is every need for harmony and  
 unified energy this issue of citizen service rises to  
 shake her strength, to distract and undermine her  
 purpose. Her enemies and her allies have no such  
 crisis, for they, although their political systems  
 differ, are agreed as to the justice and policy of  
 requiring military preparation for war as a service  
 due in peace from subjects or from citizens.

Even in the present crisis English opposition to this  
 doctrine remains stubborn and it may be written in  
 her history that the very quality which in so many  
 perils of the past enabled the English to pull  
 through may now be their undoing.

But whether or not the issue is as vital as Lloyd-  
 George believes it to be, enough has been proved  
 of the waste, the injustice and the acute danger  
 of holding to a volunteer system until inevitable  
 war conditions compel a change to compulsion,  
 to compel a change in American policy. No one who  
 reads the records of our military operations in all  
 our wars but will see that England is simply suf-  
 fering the experience of our own history, and we  
 ought to be thankful that we are reminded now  
 before misfortune again is compelled to teach us.

While nations have to provide for self-defense  
 by arms, there is but one system which squares  
 with military efficiency and justice to the individual  
 and to the nation. It is the system of  
 universal military training and required service.  
 The volunteer system does not work because it  
 does not permit proper discipline or proper classifi-  
 cation of individuals for the varied services of  
 actual war. It does not work because it does not  
 produce enough men for a protracted struggle and  
 breaks down when the need is greatest. The volun-  
 teer system is unjust and undemocratic, and if  
 there were no other reason for compulsory service  
 in a democracy this is enough.

The volunteer system should be ended now while  
 we have the opportunity to establish a proper  
 system of citizen service in peace. Our own his-  
 tory summons us to this duty. England's fate chal-  
 lenges us. If we do not heed we shall have neither  
 adequate defense nor excuse for defenselessness in  
 the time of trial.

## POLICE REFORM.

Ald. Kjellander says that while every adminis-  
 tration has played politics with the police, "it is  
 worse now than ever before."

Whatever the cause and whatever the degree of  
 demoralization, it is plain enough that the police  
 situation is deplorable. The proposal, therefore,  
 to undertake a study of police organization in  
 other less afflicted communities is natural, and if  
 the study is fairly and intelligently conducted may  
 provide us with some information of value.

But a number of considerations might well pre-  
 sent themselves to the reformers on the threshold  
 of their undertaking. The first of these is that an  
 investigation of other systems which concern itself  
 only with machinery and not with the general social,  
 political and governmental conditions which control  
 the machinery is worse than worthless. If inves-  
 tigators go to another city and find three men  
 called commissioners presiding over police affairs  
 it does not follow from the fact that a commission  
 is to be preferred to Chicago to one chief of police.

This is a crude example, but it fairly illustrates  
 our tendency to think we can mend conditions by  
 tinkering with machinery. Take this proposal to  
 replace a single police head appointed by the mayor  
 with a commission otherwise selected. For a decade  
 at least intelligent political reform has been work-  
 ing on the theory that perhaps the greatest need  
 of our system of politics and government is the  
 simplification of machinery and the concentration of  
 responsible authority. Yet what could be simpler  
 and more direct than a single police superintendent  
 appointed by a single municipal executive and re-  
 movable at will by him?

In the present case it seems to have produced  
 bad results. But is it the fault of the machinery  
 or the fault of the men whom we have chosen to  
 run the machinery? And if it is the latter, why  
 seek improvement by changing the machinery with-  
 out attacking the conditions that prevented the  
 machinery from producing the desired results?

It may be that a change from the simple and  
 direct scheme we now have to a commission or  
 some other device will change in some degree the  
 underlying conditions which defeat the present sys-  
 tem of responsible direction. We do not dogmatize  
 on that point and we agree that an inquiry may  
 help. But we do wish to remind well meaning  
 police reformers that there is no such thing as a  
 governmental machine which is automatic and able  
 to produce good results regardless of the men who  
 compose it or control its operation. We ignore this  
 platitudinous and waste precious time and

## GERMAN POLICY AND AMERICA.

It ought not to be incomprehensible to Germans  
 that Americans tend to be apprehensive of Ger-  
 man's plans in respects in which they might touch  
 the interests of the United States.

There is a belief in this country that Germany's  
 policy, without malevolence but with calculated in-  
 terest, has shown itself a number of times in such a  
 way as to be a warning.

Probably no incident outside the range of actual  
 war has made such an impression upon American  
 minds in years as that in Manila bay after Dewey  
 had destroyed the Spanish fleet. It came when the  
 mind was particularly sensitive to impressions.

The domestic horizon of the American people had  
 been torn down violently. The extent now was in their  
 vision. They were at war. Without intent they  
 were finding a sort of empire. A republic was gather-  
 ing in subject people. Americans were likely to  
 retain any ideas which they received at this emo-  
 tional time. It was a moment of national childhood.

At this time when they were having a touch of  
 strange thrills, a German fleet came into the mas-  
 ter. Dewey, whom Americans saw far in the east  
 in a glimmer, let it be known that he suspected the  
 intentions of the Germans. The thought that the  
 Germans in their search for colonies had moved  
 with alacrity to grab the Philippines and that they  
 were deterred from taking them, even out from  
 under Dewey's guns, by Dewey's threats, was fixed  
 in American popular opinion and it remains there.

It is not necessary to examine the facts. We are  
 concerned now with impressions and beliefs and it  
 remains an American belief that the Germans in  
 Manila bay were astonishingly brusque and candid  
 in their hostile demonstrations.

Americans who know nothing more of occasions  
 upon which there has been a conflict of German and  
 American policies are convinced that upon this occa-  
 sion there was a revelation of German plans dan-  
 gerous to a nation which therefore had not con-  
 sidered itself as a matter of possible concern in the  
 affairs of a continental European power.

Whenever the American examines more closely the  
 relations of the United States and Germany he  
 grows more convinced that Germany in seeking ter-  
 ritory has revealed frequently a calculated disregard  
 for American interests, without hostility, very likely,  
 for the American people, but without intent to per-  
 mit the American interests to stand as barriers in the  
 way of German interests.

Very likely the American knows that until recently  
 there was no emotion in the German conduct. It  
 was purely mechanistic. An obstacle was an ob-  
 stacle. The German did not inquire sentimentally  
 as to what was merely how much of an obstacle it was.  
 Now, there is reason to believe, an emotion enters.

The American has been told that it was Germany  
 that prevented the acquisition of the Danish West  
 Indies when the United States had found itself so  
 badly in need of naval stations in the Antilles. He  
 has been told that Germany and the United States  
 nearly were at blows over Samoa. He has been told  
 that German intrigue in Mexico was almost as dan-  
 gerous as Japanese intrigue there and he knows that  
 the latter forced a declaration from the United  
 States senate materially widening the Monroe doc-  
 trine.

He has been told that the German commercial  
 house and the German banker and the German mis-  
 sionary precede the German ship and the German  
 regiment. He has been told that, for instance, in  
 Haiti, German financial houses took up unsecured  
 and worthless Haitian paper in spite of protests  
 from the American government, and shortly before  
 the European war started, Germany was demanding  
 an interest in Haitian customs which the American  
 government regarded as a downright intervention in  
 Haitian affairs, this participation being to recover  
 on loans which could not have been made without  
 design.

The Manila bay incident, which the American has  
 translated in the terms most inimical to his own  
 nation, is a foundation upon which American opin-  
 ion builds.

It ought to be perfectly comprehensible to Ger-  
 mans why the Americans think themselves only wary  
 when they contemplate the possibility of German ag-  
 gression against a point where German and Ameri-  
 can interests touch if they do not conflict. This is  
 not a consideration of facts; it is an explanation of  
 sentiment.

If Germans wonder why Americans look with  
 doubt or alarm upon German colonizing policies they  
 have only to consider the ideas which have entered  
 American opinion and which remain there.

## Editorial of the Day.

SECRETS OF THE AIR.  
 [From the Toronto Globe.]

When scientists unlock a door to nature's  
 limitless treasure of secrets no one can predict  
 the practical uses that will be made of the new  
 knowledge. The air has never been as fascinat-  
 ing or inviting as the ocean in the quest of  
 knowledge, but the United States weather bureau  
 is moved to embark in extensive research work  
 in the still inexplicable vagaries of the atmos-  
 phere. Ten years ago the first efforts were made  
 at Mount Weather in Virginia to obtain advan-  
 ced information of storms approaching from the  
 west. This practical work is enlarged and super-  
 seded by the work of the investigating station  
 at Omaha, where the upper ocean will be contin-  
 ually explored by balloons and box kites.

Kites will be put up in series, with miles of  
 piano wire, a new kite being added whenever the  
 wire seems heavy. Electric appliances will be  
 attached for registering the rate of wind,  
 the atmospheric pressure, humidity and tempera-  
 ture. For altitudes above the reach of kites  
 small rubber balloons can now be used, their  
 reach being determined by the durability of the  
 rubber. Inflated with hydrogen gas, they ascend  
 rapidly, expanding as the air pressure lessens.  
 Altitudes of over twenty miles have been reached  
 in California. When the balloon bursts a small  
 parachute lowers the recording instruments safe-  
 ly to the ground, and an attached tag requests the  
 finder to forward them to the weather bureau. So far  
 none has been lost. In all such yieldings to the  
 insatiable thirst for knowledge practical thoughts  
 are awakened. Aerial navigation, how in its  
 infancy, may receive unexpected aids from the  
 knowledge so long concealed in the rarefied  
 heights.

## A LINE OF TYPE OR TWO.

Motto: How to the Line, let  
 the quips fall where they may.

"IN COLD TYPE."  
 I'm seeking a favor, my dear R. L. T.:  
 (I'm producing my play, which I hope you will see,  
 And a bit of your space I am anxious to seize—  
 To see how the title will look, "In Cold Type."  
 If you print this story of mine, I'll join  
 Your old fellow columnist, THOMAS T. HOTTER.

WHEN King George talks about "my empire,"  
 "my army," "my gallant son," it is easy to  
 be amused and scornful at the sufficient ignorance  
 of the attitude of the British people toward their  
 sovereign. This attitude—take it from one who  
 should know—is their attitude toward the Tower  
 of London, or any other time-encrusted institu-  
 tion. Despite their fondness for old stuff, the  
 English have got farther on the road to democ-  
 racy than we have.

WHAT reputation Henry Ford has gained as  
 an employer. The industrial war in this country  
 offers a nearer field for his activity than the war  
 in Europe. Getting soldiers out of trenches is not  
 his affair; getting unemployed men out of the  
 benches in the public parks is his affair, if he  
 wishes to make it so. It is not so spectacular; but  
 it is not so expensive.

On an American ship, there is nothing more  
 unpleasant than to be the only passenger  
 left. Old Cap Sherry, of South Bend, whose ally  
 "Kerridge," as he calls it, abuts upon a popular  
 price undertaking establishment, was discussing  
 on the advantages of a \$14 funeral, and concluded  
 with, "But then, who wants to be buried like an  
 onion?"

SOME manufacturer of breakfast food might  
 arouse feverish interest by imitating the fiction-  
 mongers and advertising his wares as "a gripping  
 cereal."

KEOKUKADODDLEDOO!  
 [From the Keokuk City City.]

Major Meigs at the Iowa party the other night  
 looked him at the Keokuk party, the handsome young  
 woman and the fine looking man who appear to be  
 Keokuk society, and said, "I've often wondered who  
 kept this list, somebody must keep track of who ought to be  
 invited to these parties."

While Major Meigs is high up in the government service,  
 and is entitled to have a great many letters following his  
 name, and consequently must have a pretty definite  
 and broad knowledge of some things, the invitation list  
 on his beyond him. Men don't know that women keep books  
 on the social obligations, with as much accuracy as a bank  
 clerk keeps his balance sheet.

One of the indelible brought against Keokuk people  
 by those on the outside is that we think so well of one another,  
 and that we think that the standard for most things has  
 been set right here. It isn't that bad, of course, but there  
 is some truth in it.

HITLER's health isn't "don'ts" have been in  
 vera libre form. New York's health board is trying  
 time. Its first effort:

"Cover up that cough or sneeze;  
 If you don't you'll spread disease."  
 Here is a splendid opportunity for our contribu-  
 tors who may put their times to a good use. We'll  
 start them off:

HEALTH HINT FOR TODAY.  
 Do not sip the fair one's lip;  
 You may get or give the grip.

"DENMARK BARS Ford Expedition from Talk-  
 ing."  
 Cruel and unusual. As well bar ducks from  
 swimming, or houn' daws from baying the  
 bright regent of the heavens.

SOME ARE WORTH A DOLLAR A LINE.  
 [From the Cassville, Wis., Index.]

Common values of any sort for a newspaper are bur-  
 denous unless the paper receives at least five cents the line for  
 publishing. Most papers charge ten cents. The rhymers,  
 of course, do not always know that verse has to be "fired  
 up" and a bit before it will print. There is a damn thing to  
 do with them. The average country print shop is a busy  
 place, even if it doesn't seem that way as one passes by.

IF the Brothers Grimm were alive we'd suspect  
 that they were in charge of the Overseas News  
 agency.

POETRY MAY NOT KNOW.  
 [Stephen Phillips.]

I LACK thee in the noontide light,  
 I want thee in the deep of night,  
 But most when sudden, but all words  
 I hear the voice of waking birds.

Then seem I most of all forlorn  
 When the grey hour is cruelly born,  
 There is no mercy in that ray;  
 On hopeless fancies comes the day.

Then is the hollow world remade,  
 God but the image will not fade;  
 That ghostly chorus from the leaves  
 Reminds and yet again berates.

The widening beam upon me falls  
 And to a grey remembrance calls;  
 Rebuilt is the massy loss,  
 And retracted is the cross.

For in that dimness we had speech,  
 Simple and prudent each to each;  
 Slow on my shoulder fell thy head;  
 I held thee close as skies grow red.

O, dear wert thou in silent dew,  
 Thine ear in deepening of the blue;  
 But now I gaze from this dark room  
 Only the glimmer of a tomb.

OUR ambassador in Vienna reports the Austrian  
 government in an amiable mood. The captain of  
 the sub that sank the Ancona will not be pro-  
 moted.

A YOUNG woman writes to Doc Evans: "I am  
 about to be married. However, would like your  
 advice," etc. "Cher mean 'however'?"

THE SECOND POST.  
 [A visit by a mossy toes answers a Tribune ad.]

Dear Sir: Am you looking for a live-wire word-wind  
 and word-wind? Yes, can't afford to stop. Respectfully, etc.

ALTHOUGH divorced, Ex-Congressman Aldrich  
 sees no reason why he and Mrs. Aldrich should  
 not be the best of friends. Nor do we. Indeed,  
 it is sometimes the only way in which good feel-  
 ing may be maintained.

In New York, Guard Help Us  
 Sir: Where on earth was you sprung up? The  
 plural of "cherubim" is "imps." We have two  
 of them, so I know what I'm talking about.

"LEAGUE Would Be Preventative of War."  
 Examiner.  
 There should be a league to prevent "preventative."  
 [From the Kensington, Ill., Chronicle.]

Mr. M. McDermott, husband of the Fair Lady, has  
 been for the past three months in Paris, Texas, for his  
 wife's health.

## How to Keep Well.

By Dr. W. A. Evans

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if  
 matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will  
 not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, sub-  
 ject to proper limitations and where a stamped, addressed envelope is inclosed.  
 Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests  
 for such service please be answered.

(Copyright, 1915, by Dr. W. A. Evans.)

SUBNORMAL CHILDREN.  
 D. K. M. writes: "Granting the pre-  
 sence of 'adenoids' in a child of 3 years  
 in other respects strong and well de-  
 veloped, but subject to frequent 'colds' in  
 the head:"

1. Should immediate steps be taken  
 to remove the adenoids?  
 2. What results may follow delay for  
 several months?

3. Is it better to have the operation  
 performed at home or at a hospital?  
 4. Is the operation considered compar-  
 atively free from danger when performed  
 by a competent surgeon?

5. What is the relation between ade-  
 noids and colds in the head?  
 "These questions are asked for the  
 benefit of timid mothers who hesitate  
 about permitting the removal of adenoids,  
 as advised by family physician."

REPLY.  
 1. In most cases yes. The mistake from  
 acting as far less frequent than those from  
 procrastination.  
 2. Results: colds in the head, ear troubles,  
 mouth breathing, anemia, general ill  
 health.  
 3. Generally speaking, in the hospital.  
 4. Yes.  
 5. Colds cause adenoids; adenoids in turn  
 cause colds.

CATS AND DOGS MENACE.  
 J. H. L. writes: "We have a woman in  
 the family who reads a number of years  
 ago, and she was fond of cats and  
 all right. For the last twenty years  
 I never have seen her hold a baby in her  
 lap or play with one, but the cat takes up  
 a great deal of her time. What I really  
 object to is that the cat should not be in  
 the kitchen, where the meals are being pre-  
 pared or in the dining room while eating  
 them. Not very appetizing while eating  
 to have the cat near you cleaning itself.  
 If I was raising children I wouldn't want  
 them to have a cat as playmate. I believe  
 they have caused lots of sickness among  
 children. I will ask that you leave this  
 letter out of THE TRIBUNE, as I don't want  
 to raise a rumpus in the family, but sim-  
 ply give me your opinion regarding the  
 ordinary house cat."

REPLY.  
 Cats and dogs around a house are sanitary  
 nuisances. "The Cat, A Nuisance Factor  
 in Sanitary Hygiene," by Dr. C. A. Osborn.  
 This article has been published in the  
 "The Veterinary Record." You might also read  
 "The Dog as a Carrier of Parasitic Diseases,"  
 by Dr. C. A. Osborn.

NOBODY KNOWS.  
 Worried writes: "Would like to ask  
 your advice on a small matter. I have  
 a couple of white spots on my left eye  
 lid, one the size of a pin head, the other  
 the size of a pea, close together, and  
 the latter, which has been there for some  
 time. Please tell me the cause of them  
 and the remedy."

REPLY.  
 A greenish white spots on the eye should not  
 be overlooked. They may be due to a  
 number of causes, but you should not  
 neglect them. Consult a specialist.

LA MARQUE DE FONTENAY.  
 [Copyright, 1915, by the Brewster Co.]

GREAT Britain has now adopted a  
 strict rule barring the sale or the Scotch  
 coast for the sake of the shooting.

In Maj. George Haver of Painsnes's  
 recently published volume of reminiscences  
 he records a conversation with Andrew  
 Carnegie in which the latter made a  
 savage attack upon the Red Cross so-  
 cieties, which he accused of making their  
 business to bring nearly dead men  
 back to life in order that they might as  
 soon as possible start killing each other  
 over again. The views which he thus ex-  
 pressed were borne out by his invariable  
 refusal to contribute even a cent piece  
 to any Red Cross undertaking.

Much astonishment, therefore, was  
 created when his name recently appeared  
 on the list of subscribers to the British  
 Red Cross society, now presided over by  
 King George V. The fact that he had  
 been so long a subscriber to the society  
 for which the "Laird of Painsnes" was  
 set down as \$500. This seems, under the  
 circumstances, to require explanation.

How he came to give this money to the  
 Red Cross is a story. In past years he  
 has been accustomed to organize an  
 annual school fête at Skibo, an entertain-  
 ment of which he was not only the host  
 but also the life and soul of the party.  
 As he has been unable to visit Scotland  
 since the late war, he ordered his factor  
 to manage the fête to find out from the  
 school children what they would wish  
 to have done with the \$500 which the fête  
 cost each year, and to turn over the  
 amount to any charity or good work  
 which they might desire.

They selected the Red Cross society,  
 and accordingly the manager of the Skibo  
 estate sent the sum in question to the  
 Red Cross fund in London, not in the  
 name of the school children but in that  
 of his employer, Andrew Carnegie.

German newspapers are quite mistaken  
 in asserting that the placing of the scarlet  
 brette on the head of a newly created  
 cardinal was a function hitherto exclu-  
 sively restricted to the emperors of Aus-  
 tria and to the king of Spain, and that  
 Benedict XV., in commissioning King  
 Louis of Bavaria to invest the German  
 Cardinal Freiwirth with the red brette  
 at Munich the other day had created a  
 new precedent, with the object of giving  
 expression to his sympathy for the Teu-  
 tonic cause in the present war.

This is entirely contrary to fact and to  
 history. For the kings of Portugal and  
 of France also shared this right, and since  
 the downfall of the monarchy in France  
 it has been never accorded or tolerated  
 of occasion by the chief magistrates of  
 the republic, notably by President Felix  
 Faure, whom I can recall as investing  
 Monsignor Coullié, archbishop of Lyons,  
 with the red brette with much state and  
 ceremony and military honors, at the  
 Palace of the Elysee, on the elevation of  
 that prelate to the rank of cardinal, in  
 April, 1871. Cardinal Labouré, archbishop  
 of Rennes, received his brette from Presi-  
 dent Turgot on the same occasion.

Emperor William after his accession  
 to the throne, put forward pretensions to  
 the right of investing with the scarlet  
 brette all German prelates raised to  
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## ALDERMEN VOTE TO MAKE MAYOR SHOW HIS HAND

Mayor's Letter Targets Come Back with Bristling Charges.

City hall hostilities continue unabated. Two council committees yesterday in voting to demand an explanation from Mayor Thompson and in planning to present a law violation to the grand jury.

Inspector Nye was defeated at fault in giving jobs to men without authority. Ald. J. Cermak attacked the merit commission as a "kick in" proposition.

Justice was served that public affairs department may be abolished unless merit laws are obeyed. Mayor Thompson will be asked to account for the acts of his civil service commission.

Several months the mayor has been at a distance and watch between the commission and council, but almost half of the city yesterday voted to compel him to back out.

Mayor Thompson acknowledged his responsibility for the acts of his appointees or discharges. "The demand of the finance committee and judiciary committee, which is in joint session. Only one voice, Ald. James H. Lawley, was heard in support."

The plan of the two committees to demand the grand jury the evidence of violations of the civil service law. That plan will be carried through. Committee to Make Demand.

Programs were introduced to a subcommittee of the joint session. Its members are Ald. Otto Kern, Ald. John A. Lipp, and Ald. Robert M. Buck. They are meeting the three will confer and will call upon State's Attorney to ascertain the exact condition of the grand jury, that they determine whether to present their charges now or prepare it for the January session.

At 1 o'clock they will meet again to read a letter to Mayor Thompson demanding that he reply in writing or appear before the two committees jointly to explain his attitude of his administration to the council.

What They Think of Coffin. The discussion had its high spots. Ald. J. Lipp described President Coffin as the commission as a "hairless, brainless political nonentity." and Ald. John Lipp, after agreeing with him, said Coffin was a "nut."

It was a letter written by Coffin to the grand jury proceedings and the chairman, Richard Lipp, marked them as "puerile." In view of this remarkable letter we have heard read," said Ald. Lipp, "this from a hairless and apparently brainless political nonentity so suddenly armed with his own power, it might be reasonable to ask if there will be grand jury after this one."

No More Delay. "That we should not postpone action," said Kellander, "even in the interests of harmony. If we do we probably get more letters from Coffin than we can read." Ald. Lipp, who is not afraid of him or the mayor, agreed with what you said about him. He's a nut.

As for this letter, I don't believe Coffin wrote it. I don't believe he has brains enough to write it." Ald. Lipp supported Nance's motion to appoint a subcommittee to write to the mayor.

## HER FATHER IS A DETECTIVE.

But Even a Sleuth Can Be Outwitted by a Daughter When She Wants to Marry.



Not Miss Repetto, but Mrs. Bushong.

discharge his brother from one of the police unless he—the alderman—voted as the mayor wished.

### CERMAK DENIES HE TRIED TO INFLUENCE PTACEK CASE.

President Coffin's criticism of the council and of Chief Bailiff A. J. Cermak of the Municipal court, who is secretary of the United Societies, in connection with the case of Police Capt. John E. Ptacek brought responses from two sources.

"In reply to Percy Coffin, president of the 'pay-as-you-enter' civil service commission," said Cermak, "I wish to say he has not stated the facts when he says I tried to influence the decision in the Ptacek case."

"There was a show at a loop theater some weeks ago. The sign over the theater read 'Kick In.' Now that the show has left town, I'd like to suggest that the sign be procured and tacked over the door of the city hall. Yes, 'Kick In' describes the civil service commission and the whole city administration."

"You read in the newspapers every day that some one is trying to bribe some one else to get a standing in the civil service list. If there were no peddlers there would be no purchasers."

More than 1,000 Saloons Open. "They say Thompson has closed the saloons on Sunday. I challenge Coffin or anyone delegated by him to accompany me on a trip through the outskirts any Sunday. I will point out more than 1,000 saloons doing a bigger business than they did before Thompson closed the saloons."

Ald. Otto Kern, who was charged by the commission with attempting to influence the Ptacek decision, said he would ask his associates in the council for the floor tomorrow on a question of personal privilege. He then will deny the charge.

### MERRIAM SERVES WARNING ON WELFARE BUREAU HEAD.

At a meeting of the advisory committee of the department of public welfare at the Morrison hotel, Ald. Merriam served what was considered formal notice on Mrs. Louise Osborne Rowe, head of the department, that she must stop playing politics with the affairs.

"The finance committee and the council," he said, "will not tolerate spoils methods in any department—least of all in the department of public welfare. This department, if it is to continue, must be conducted on a civil service basis. This as not been done."

May Reduce Detectives. Lieut. Wesley H. Westbrook expressed the opinion yesterday that 20 per cent of the present detective sergeants on the police force are inefficient. "Then," said Maj. James Miles, head

## SECRET ELOPERS FOOL PA AGAIN; ON HONEYMOON

Chief Repetto of Hotel Detectives Will Have Mystery Solved Today by Wire.

Frank Repetto, chief of detectives at the Congress hotel, will open a telegram some time this morning that shall solve a mystery, than which none has been more baffling to the sleuth.

The telegram will inform him that his daughter Marian, aged 18, married secretly seven months ago in St. Louis, and her husband, Walter P. Bushong of the firm of West & Bushong, haberdashers, are on a long deferred honeymoon trip to the west.

Why Did Marian Do It? The mystery, which Mr. Repetto's keen intellect had tried in vain to penetrate, was why Marian permitted Mr. Bushong to call so frequently, and what recommended the young man to such a strong stand-in on his daughter's grace. Today it will be all clear. There is no other proper way to treat a husband.

On the pretense that she was going to the theater with Bushong, the young matron last night escaped from her home, and after leaving the telegram for Detective Repetto, they caught a train. Mrs. Bushong had kept her secret well since last June, when her parents thinking she was visiting friends, she eloped to St. Louis and was married.

Slips Back Home. After her marriage she slipped quietly back to Chicago and resumed her home life, without parents or friends even suspecting her romance.

The elopement crowned a very active semi-public young life, which has kept Marian much in the daily prints. She won Tinseltown's popularity prize of \$5,000 six years ago, and she is the principal of the Starrett School for Girls from a burning building, and took a remarkable lesson in horseback riding in one of the Chicago parks.

With these and other humdrum exploits she whiled a world of snod waiting for the happy romance, which she knew must come.

## BLAME "YARDS" IN FOOT DISEASE

Witnesses at U. S. Inquiry Censure Method of Handling Peril.

MRS. DURAND ACTIVE.

Direct charge was made yesterday that the federal and state authorities had neglected to order the vital element of the high cost of living in the attempt to stamp out the foot and mouth epidemic in live stock through the middle west.

Senator William S. Kenyon of Iowa, holding the final hearing of the subcommittee named by the committee on agriculture of the United States senate, listened to the evidence offered at the Auditorium hotel. The hearing will be completed today.

Mrs. Scott Durand is waiting to be heard as one of the last witnesses. She was present yesterday. Mrs. George Fabryan also was present. Col. Fabryan, her husband testified in a general way at the morning session. Mrs. Durand offered to ask questions from time to time. Senator Kenyon ruled that Mrs. Durand shall have full opportunity to testify today.

Prefer to Hold Stock. One new point developed in the evidence came from C. P. Gregory, editor of the Prairie Farmer, an agricultural paper that circulates through the Mississippi valley.

"Complaints have reached me repeatedly," Mr. Gregory testified, "that quarantine restrictions have been such that stock raisers preferred to hold their stock and permit the animals to contract the foot and mouth disease rather than to ship to Chicago."

The stockmen preferred, as I understand it, to take their chance in collecting from the state or the federal government for loss from foot and mouth disease rather than to put their stock through the quarantine restrictions in force in the Chicago yards."

Col. Fabryan Tells of Experience. Col. Fabryan was one of the first witnesses examined. "What has been your experience with this disease?" Senator Kenyon asked.

"I did a great deal of personal investigation, particularly in the cases of widows and poor persons who complained that their support would be taken away from them if their cattle were killed," Col. Fabryan said. "In one instance of a widow, her sole support came from the milk she sold. Her cows were quarantined and she was not allowed to sell any milk. I didn't think her cows had the disease."

Illinois is different from any other state on account of the stockyards interests. It seemed to me that both the government and the state treated the disease at the spot and left the bunch whole unprotected. The stockyards in the bunchhold. The stockyards had the disease and knew it, and so did the government know it.

Yet the government allowed cattle to be shipped away from there for three days after having quarantined the cattle at the state fair."

Dr. O. E. Dyson, Illinois state veterinarian, also maintained that the disease developed in the stockyards and that cattle were shipped out and spread the disease over the state.

WHY NOT MAKE IT MURPHY? And Then Go Up to Minnesota and Be the Only One in the State Directory.

Thorold Olson, 2103 North Keystone avenue, is a mason contractor, born forty-three years ago in Kvarstein, Norway.

Olsen is a common name—so common that Olsen finds he has paid some misdirected bills which he never incurred. He filed a petition in the Circuit court yesterday to change his name to Kvarstein, the name of his native town.

\$10,000,000 Capital and Surplus protects your Savings Deposits in the First Trust and Savings Bank. The stock of this bank is owned by the stockholders of The First National Bank of Chicago.

Located on the GROUND FLOOR of the First National Bank Building, Northwest Corner Dearborn and Monroe Sts., with large and convenient banking room, especially designed and equipped for the prompt and efficient service of Savings Depositors.

3% Interest on Savings. James B. Forgan, President. Emile K. Boist, Vice-President.

## CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

17 to 25 No. State St., Through to Wabash Ave.

Our Great January

## Clearance Sale

Is Now in Progress

THINK of buying one of the finest \$5.00 Hats in Chicago for \$1.25—well, that is what you can do today while they last.

Our \$15.00, \$18.00, and \$20.00 Hats priced at \$10.00 Monday and \$7.50 Tuesday will be sold today at \$5.00.

The same idea applies to every hat at every price. The values are extraordinary. Come early if you want a beautiful hat for almost nothing.

Fifth Floor.

## CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

17 to 25 No. State St., Through to Wabash Ave.

Among the many interesting items in our Negligee Department in

This Great Clearance Sale we offer today 1,000 robes, etc.

## Corduroy Rest Robes

Unusual Value \$2.95

Made of soft quality of corduroy—has two patch pockets and wide revers. Made in all colors, with a specially large quantity in the popular and becoming coral and Copenhagen blue shades.

Negligee Section, Third Floor.

Start a Savings Account in This Old Established National Bank



3% Interest SAVINGS DEPARTMENT OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 5 P. M.

The Corn Exchange National Bank OF CHICAGO

11 W. COR. LA SALLE AND ADAMS STS.

Have You Tried The Stratford Hotel 75c Lunch?

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE TRIBUNE

Before You Decide on Lignor or Drug Treatment

Consider carefully into whose hands you place yourself. Serious investigation by physicians and prospective patients is variously recommended in selecting the Keeley Institute. Briefly, here are a few reasons why the Keeley Institute is the best place to go for treatment. Briefly, here are a few reasons why the Keeley Institute is the best place to go for treatment.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE (The Original, Scientific, Rational Treatment) Dwight, Illinois

Chicago office—79 W. Monroe St., Suite 308. Telephone Central 3215.

A1 Salesman

There is an opening for a live young man who has had selling experience in the retail dry goods trade to connect with a progressive mill making a staple line of knit underwear. Must be thoroughly capable and reliable. References required.

ADDRESS A T 377, TRIBUNE

On to Washington St. A. BISHOP & CO. Loved to 12 W. Washington St. 100 Feet West of State Street

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE

\$6-\$7 Blouses, \$4.50

DAINTY, frilly crepes or satins and taffetas are these effective blouses. Clearing now at \$4.50

**LESCHIN** Inc.

318-320 So. Michigan Avenue

At the Former Ferguson Co. Location

\$12-\$15 Blouses, \$9

PROUD of their lineage are these silk, lace and embroidered crepe blouses. Priced to clear at \$9

## Our First Semi-Annual CLEARING SALE!

### An Extraordinary Event

THE public responded to the opening announcement of this great sale in large and enthusiastic numbers and bought briskly. This fact evidences that you should be here early today and make your selections from merchandise that does not represent a season's accumulations. On the contrary some of the garments have been here only one week—others two and three weeks and not a single item over six weeks—as this ateller is only six weeks old.

\$35 to \$45 Suits, \$22

TAILLEUR suits of the charm of these are rare indeed. Included are broadcloths, whipcords and mixtures—some being nicely trimmed with wide bands of fur. Special-lowered for this clearance sale at \$22

\$25 to \$35 Coats, \$18

MODEL coats they are and they show it in design, trimming, fabric and tailoring. All are silk lined. Broadcloths, zibelines, wool plaids, duvetyns. In black, navy and favored shades. Now \$18

Tailleur suits radically reduced

\$165 navy Bolivia cloth suit with deep borders of Hudson seal. Priced to clear at \$97

\$135 suit of brown Bolivia cloth with deep Hudson seal collar. Priced to clear at \$65

\$95 velvet suit—bottle green—richly fur trimmed. Priced for this clearance sale at \$59

\$95 brown chiffon velvet suit—marten trimmed—striking. Priced to clear at \$58

\$75 suit of black broadcloth—wide fur band—ing—charming. Priced to clear at \$45

\$60 white broadcloth suit with seal collar and cuffs. Priced to clear at \$35

Opera theatre coats reduced

\$200 imported novelty brocade coat—deep fur bandings. Priced to clear at \$125

\$195 black velvet circular wrap—white fur trimmed—charming. Priced to clear at \$98

\$150 wrap of cherry red velvet with shawl collar—embroidered in gold. Priced to clear at \$78

\$140 Lanvin model—blue Duchess satin and velvet—striking. Priced to clear at \$75

\$75 fur trimmed velvet street wrap—new model—unusual. Priced to clear at \$37

\$58 Bolivia cloth coat with fur trimmings—splendid lining. Priced to clear at \$35

Novelty Coats, \$25

THE newest of the arrivals are in this lot of 60—one or two of a style. Trimmed with fur collars and cuffs. They are priced to clear at \$25

Tailleur Suits, \$45

OF the best quality materials and trimmed luxuriously are these master suits—28 in the lot. Were \$65, \$75 and \$85. Priced to clear at \$45

Dainty Frocks, \$25

EXQUISITELY feminine in their crisp ruffles and soft draperies are these lovely frocks—the colorings are—usually charming. \$35-\$45 value. Priced to clear at \$25

The Fur Sets

\$165 set of Hudson Bay Sable; very choice pelts, now \$135 set of battleship gray Fox; full haired pelts; rich. Priced to clear at \$85

## NO ALCOHOL IN TOOTH SPEARMINT PASTE

It is Pure and Safe—For Children and Adults Formula approved by John O. Butler, D. D. S.

Old-fashioned tooth pastes are out of style. Start the "Spearmint" habit today. It means white teeth and sweet breath; will not soften the gums. Liberal sample and "Directions for Proper Care of the Teeth" sent for 5 cents. Extra large size at drug stores or 25c by mail for.

Use "Spearmint" after every meal—don't have bad breath or coated tongue.

Special price to drug stores for half and full gross orders. Herston Chemical Company 336 West 33rd Street, Chicago, Ill.







# FEAR OF WOES FACED BY ALL IN POLITICS

Division and Strife Likely to  
Break Out in Many Places  
and Sections.

## ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 28.—(Special.) Political soothsayers hereabout who are predicting the signs and portents of the approaching presidential campaign yield to the astrologers to whom the people have confided the information that there will be a year of unexampled woe and sorrow for all mankind.

There will be the portion of all political parties, according to these seers, and will be manifested by dissension, party rump conventions, "killing" in the polls, and other frightful messes of party solidarity.

## What Year May Bring.

Here are the predictions of what will happen.

**Democrats**—Former Secretary of State William J. Bryan will split the Democratic party on the preparedness issue and either become a candidate for the Democratic nomination against President Wilson or lead a bolt from the party as an independent candidate at the convention.

**Republicans**—The Republican party will succeed only partly in healing the breach of 1912, and the fight between the conservative and progressive factions will be carried into the election campaign.

**Progressives**—What is left of the Progressive party will split on the question of national defense and force. Mr. Roosevelt to repudiate the political organization he founded.

## Illness Splits New Party.

But there is a schism of no mean proportions developing in the Progressive party. It has been the gospel among the politicians here for a fortnight. Roosevelt has divided what remains of his following of 1912 by his proclaims in favor of a big army and navy—big enough to fight with the strongest foreign adversary.

It is regarded as noteworthy that the opinions of the colonel's ideas emanating from the Progressive party ranks is extremely weak. This fact is regarded as an indication that an overwhelming majority of the enthusiastic Roosevelt following of 1912 have returned to the Republican fold.

## Admit Hard Job Ahead.

It would not surprise the politicians here if Mr. Bryan were to take advantage of the existing political chaos to make an attempt for the presidency. The problem of bringing the Republican and Progressive together in support of a Republican candidate for the presidency upon which Republican and some Progressive leaders are laboring, may be the greater than the problem of holding the factions of the Democratic party together for the reelection of Woodrow Wilson.

A situation is developing in which Mr. Wilson is the central figure, which suggests the possibility that he may be elected in the next campaign even if the Republicans and Progressives agree upon a candidate, and that this third party will be as deliberately hostile to President Wilson as the Progressive movement was hostile to President Taft in 1912.

## All Watch Bryan Closely.

Democrats whether they are for or against Mr. Bryan, never lose interest in his activities, nor in the purposes which these activities indicate. In the present situation, it is declared to be obvious that Mr. Bryan is not exerting himself to destroy confidence in the policies of President Wilson with any intention of attempting to counteract the effect of his policy later on when Mr. Wilson has been re-elected.

The only reasonable explanation which Democrats can give of Mr. Bryan's opposition to the president is that he either wishes to prevent Mr. Wilson's re-election or he intends to oppose him for reelection after he has been nominated. It is estimated that there are not fewer than two million Bryan Democrats who will support him in any fight he wishes to make. Added to these, Mr. Bryan and his followers have good reason to believe that as an independent candidate for the presidency he would receive the support of the extreme pacifists and the German-

# Said the Gentleman from Illinois to the Gentleman from Missouri—

"UNCLE JOE" CANNON GENTLY JOSHING SPEAKER CLARK:

"CHAMP, YOU DEMS SHOULD  
REMEMBER THAT IT IS  
WRITTEN: BY THEIR  
FRUITS YE SHALL  
KNOW THEM."



PIPE  
THE  
CLOTHES  
JUST  
LIKE THOSE  
ON THE  
EFFIGIES  
IN  
STATUARY  
HALL.

# U. S. MAY START 2 INQUIRIES ON GASOLINE PRICES

Federal Investigators at Work  
and Department of Justice  
Considers Action.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 28.—Investigations to determine the cause of soaring gasoline prices probably will be conducted simultaneously by two government agencies. Federal trade commission investigators, it was learned today, already are at work and department of justice officials are considering undertaking an inquiry.

The trade commission seeks to ascertain the truth of charges that gasoline prices have risen sharply only at points where the biggest oil concerns have no opposition, and that prices are near normal at competitive points.

## Actual Shortage Doubtful.

Its investigation will turn, too, to the supply of crude petroleum to determine whether there is an actual shortage, which has been offered as a cause for price increases.

The investigators are awaiting publication within a few days of the geological survey's estimate of the 1915 production of crude petroleum, which they expect will show an increased output. Production in 1914 exceeded that in 1913, and the last bulletin issued by the survey showed production for the first half of 1915 to be not less than 145,000,000 barrels, compared with a total of about 250,000,000 for the entire previous year.

## Oklahoma Furnishes Oil.

The bulletin closed with this statement: "The persistent flood of low priced, but relatively high grade oil from the Oklahoma fields prevented permanent advances, though temporary fluctuations were noted in the market for grades of petroleum from other regions during the half year in review. The corresponding period in 1914 recorded a notably unstable market."

**A New England munitions manufacturer sent to New York for Detective Garth, who left at once and landed in a plot of unusual thrills and mystery. "Through the Dark" is a tale of spied upon, by Charles W. Camp, in this week's**

**Collier's**  
THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

## HAVE YOU BUNDLE FOR POOR? PUT UP WHITE PAPER CIRCLE

Should Be Hung in Window on  
Thursday, Friday, or Saturday  
Before Jan. 17.

Put out a round piece of white paper or cardboard the size of a large dinner plate and display it in your window on the Thursday, Friday, or Saturday preceding "bundle day," Monday, Jan. 17. You need help in delivering your bundles of clothing for the poor of Chicago. An express wagon will call and take your contribution to the proper distributing point. This signal was adopted yesterday at a meeting of the bundle day executive committee in the Fort Dearborn National Bank building. The public has been requested to deliver their bundles to the nearest school or police station and to call on the express companies which have volunteered their services only in emergency cases.

**Indicted Labor Man Arrested.**  
Thomas Flannigan, alleged slinger, jointly indicted with fifty-three other persons by the November grand jury for conspiracy, extortion, and malicious mischief in connection with the labor investigation, was taken into custody yesterday. With the arrest of Flannigan there are only two of the men indicted who have not been apprehended. They are Charles Furey and Jack Miller.

Americans, who are bitterly hostile to President Wilson.

In addition to these Mr. Bryan, through his speeches and his declarations in the Commonsense, is manifestly seeking to gain support from the prohibitionists and the women suffragists.

Suggestions that Champ Clark, speaker of the house, may again be a candidate for the nomination emanate from the Bryan faction. Mr. Clark is kept busy denying the reports, and yet they continue to circulate.

So great an impression, however, has been made upon the minds of all Democrats by the danger of a serious division in the party that friends of the speaker are saying that he would become a candidate for the nomination if President Wilson were to refuse a renomination.

Democrats concede that the only circumstances which would impel Mr. Wilson to refuse a renomination would be the certainty of a party rupture which would destroy all prospect of an election.

## Party Leaders "Confident."

Democratic leaders are placing the best face upon the situation they can and are predicting that after the nomination has been made at St. Louis harmony will be restored to the party and all factions will devote themselves to again achieving party success.

But the Republican bosses in 1912 made exactly similar statements about the Republican party, and they did not prove to be true at all.

Without attaching any undue importance to the claims of the Democratic opposition or the fears of the administration supporters, it is easy to perceive that conditions within the party are not unlike those which prevailed in the Republican party four years ago, although the causes are not similar. Bit by bit the Democratic opponents of the president are building up their organization and availing themselves of administration blunders, political and otherwise, to strengthen themselves.

## Tumulty Statement Error.

Recently there has been wide discussion of a statement issued by Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the president, deny-

**Announcing**

**AN EXTRAORDINARY EXHIBIT OF  
WHITE MOTOR CARS  
AT THE AUTOMOBILE SALON  
HOTEL ASTOR  
JANUARY THIRD TO EIGHTH**

Instead of participating in the Automobile Show at the Grand Central Palace, as has heretofore been its custom, The White Company will this year exhibit its passenger cars in the twelfth Annual Automobile Salon at Hotel Astor.

In the Astor ball room visitors interested exclusively in the highest grade motor cars, can inspect the White product at leisure and in perfect comfort, undisturbed by a miscellaneous exhibit or attendance.

Moreover, at the Automobile Salon, White Cars are shown together with the famous motor cars of other countries, also featuring custom designed bodies and individualized appointments.

**THE WHITE COMPANY  
CLEVELAND**

CHICAGO 2635-45 WABASH AVENUE

# THE FAIR

The Shoe  
You Prefer—  
at a price you're perfectly  
willing to pay  
—is what we offer  
you in  
"LA FRANCE"

Come in and try on a pair  
to see how perfectly they  
combine style & comfort.

This is style  
No. 261.

\$4

We show 33  
"LA FRANCE"  
Staple and Novelty  
Styles—  
\$3.50 to \$6.00

**Lyon & Healy**

# Begin the New Year with the Spirit of Music

THE Victrola will bring right into your own home the actual living voices of Caruso, McCormack, Farrar, Gluck, Melba, Schumann-Heink and a host of other famous singers. And the brilliant strains of Herbert's Orchestra, Pryor's Band, Sousa's Band, and Vessella's Band will furnish you many a happy hour.

Read Particulars of the Various Lyon & Healy Outfits—they are all good. Lyon & Healy Service characterizes every purchase here

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 4, \$17.25</b><br>This includes Victrola style No. 4, \$15.00, and six selections (three 10-inch double-faced the records of your own choosing. This outfit is equipped with the Exhibition Sound Box and is capable of playing any of the 1,000 different selections. Terms \$2.25 down and \$4.00 a month, beginning next month. | <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 9, \$55.25</b><br>Victrola style No. 9, equipped with wood cabinet and mahogany and many improvements, mahogany or oak finish, \$50.00. This outfit at \$10.00 includes a fine library of 14 selections (seven 10-inch double-faced the records of your own choosing. Terms \$5.00 cash for the records and \$5.00 a month for the machine, beginning next month. | <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 14, \$161.25</b><br>Mahogany or oak cabinet, Victrola, exceedingly large and powerful, \$150.00. This outfit at \$10.00 includes a fine library of 14 selections (seven 10-inch double-faced the records of your own choosing. Terms \$10.00 cash for the records and \$10.00 a month for the machine, beginning next month. |
| <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 6, \$28.75</b><br>This includes an excellent portable Victrola style No. 6, \$25.00, with Exhibition Sound Box, \$3.75, and six selections (three 10-inch double-faced the records of your own choosing. You may pay for this at the rate of \$2.75 down and \$5.00 a month, beginning next month.                                 | <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 10, \$81.00</b><br>This includes a beautiful cabinet Victrola style No. 10, mahogany or oak finish, \$75.00, and 10 selections (five 10-inch double-faced the records of your own choosing. Terms \$25.00 cash for the records and \$5.00 a month for the machine, beginning next month.  | <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 15, \$215.00</b><br>Victrola style No. 15, mahogany or oak finish, \$200.00, together with 10 selections (five double-faced 10-inch records) of your own choosing. Terms \$20.00 cash for the records and \$20.00 a month for the machine, beginning next month.   |
| <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 8, \$44.50</b><br>Victrola style No. 8, oak finish, price \$40.00, equipped with all the latest improvements. The outfit at \$44.50 includes also 12 pieces of your own selection (six 10-inch double-faced the records). Terms \$14.00 cash for the records and \$3.00 a month for the machine, beginning next month.             | <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 11, \$108.25</b><br>Victrola style No. 11, mahogany or oak finish, price \$100.00, with 22 selections of your own choosing (11 10-inch double-faced the records). Terms \$25.00 cash for the records and \$5.00 a month for the machine, beginning next month.  | <b>Lyon &amp; Healy's Outfit No. 18, \$325.00</b><br>Victrola style No. 18, mahogany or oak finish, \$300.00, together with 10 selections (five double-faced 10-inch records) of your own choosing. Terms \$30.00 cash for the records and \$30.00 a month for the machine, beginning next month.   |

## 23 SOUND-PROOF DAYLIGHT VICTROLA SALESROOMS

Largest American Distributors and Retailers

Hear the  
Electric  
Victrola

**Lyon & Healy**

Visitors  
Always  
Welcome

Wabash Avenue and Adams Street

With Reference, We Will Gladly Open Charge Accounts

## Southern Pacific Lines

## SHIPMATES

The companionship of seamen life is but one of the many delights of this voyage over smiling seas.

## Southern Pacific Steamships

New York and New Orleans

You too, can enjoy these "Hundred Golden Hours at Sea" in a fascinating and water-cure voyage, starting from and returning to your city by rail, with the steamer ship a delightful part of either the outward or the homeward journey.

\$75 including meals and berth on steamer

Write for full information or call

W. G. Neimyer, General Agent, Chicago, Ill.

31 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

## LOOK OUT FOR PNEUMONIA AND GRIP!

In the Daily News of December 22, Dr. John Dill Robertson, Chicago's health commissioner, said: "Pneumonia, grip, and other forms of sore throat are highly contagious and rapidly spread through mouth, throat or nose secretions. The germs of these diseases may be carried in the mouths of people apparently in perfect health. This is the season when pneumonia and grip hit hardest. Disregard your health. Use this new Scientific Inhaler."

## New Scientific Inhaler



Not an atomizer, but an entirely new, improved European invention, just arrived. Our style atomizer produces only a spray which does not penetrate. (Scientific Inhaler produces a smoke-like vapor which you can actually see as you inhale and exhale. Outside of a piece, including a scientific method of nebulization, preparation, mist direct to you prepared at this special low price, \$4.00. We guarantee this special low price, \$4.00. We guarantee your health. Don't let the low price of \$4.00 stand in your way. Such satisfaction guaranteed or money back. Backed and incriminated from highest medical authorities and sold free.

SCIENTIFIC INHALER CO.

100 West Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

CHICAGO WOMEN Respect a paper that refuses to print the fake advertising of business buccanniers. That is one reason why The Tribune has such high standing with Chicago women.







## SKATING DATES WILL BE LEFT TO INSTRUCTORS

Playground Supervisors to Put  
in Tournaments Whenever  
Ice Warrants Fast Work.

BY WALTER H. ECKERSALL.

A change has been made in the rules of the city skating tourney and it is left to the kids to take notice of the alterations. The tourney will be confined only to the playgrounds and the instructors will make an announcement three days previous as to when they will hold their respective events.

The change was made to eliminate "fingers." As the kids who skate on the playgrounds are regular members of the tourney, it was thought best to limit the competition to them. In this way expert skaters will be kept out of the competition and the kids will have a chance.

Date Left Indefinite.

Instead of holding the tourney on the second Saturday of next month, as was the former plan, a suggestion from Theodore A. Gross, superintendent of the city playgrounds, will allow the instructors at the twenty-four parks to hold their tourneys whenever they are sure of ice. In some cases there may be ice on the east side of the city, but on the north and south sides the ice would not be firm enough to warrant accurate performance.

Watch "The Tribune."

As a result of Mr. Gross' suggestions, it is left up to the instructors to hold their tourneys whenever they are sure of solid ice, but they must make an announcement three days in advance as to when the tourneys are to be held. The reports of the tourneys will be turned into the city and the results will be published from day to day in THE TRIBUNE. Skating and playground pools were closed yesterday with kids who will compete in the tourney.

Club to Help Boys.

At a meeting of the Northwest Skating Club, held last Monday night, the members pledged themselves to instruct the kids at the parks in their neighborhoods. The members of other associations are doing the same thing. It will be a great help and the kids are entering into it with the proper spirit.

Skate Races Soon.

Plans for boys, novices, women, policemen and youngsters from parks and playgrounds are included in the program of events at the derby to be given at Garfield park by the Northwest Skating club on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 16. The events will be held under rules of the Western Skating association, which are scheduled over varying distances from one-half mile to three miles. The events will be open only to contestants approved in the W. S. A., except the half mile contests for patrolmen, women, and boys under 15 years of age and between 15 and 18 years. The schedule of events follows:

Class A—Half mile; mile; three miles.  
Class B—Mile. (Open to skaters who have won two class A or class B races.)  
Class C—Mile. (Open to skaters who have won two events in classes A, B, or C.)

Boys' mile.  
Half mile for women.  
Half mile for boys under 15 years.  
Half mile for boys between 15 and 18 years.  
Half mile for west park policemen.  
One mile for six main teams representing parks or playgrounds.

The course will be three laps to the mile. Winners of first three places will win gold, silver, and bronze medals, and the highest individual point winner will receive a cup. The club totaling most points will be given a trophy shield. Entries will be 50 cents, except for the boys' and women's events, which require a one-cent fee and \$1 team registration for the relay.

## POLICEMAN CHARGED WITH ROBBING MAN SUSPENDED.

Chief Acts on Identification by East  
Chicagoan—Sees "Great Injustice" if It's Mistake.

Policeman John Harrison of the Englewood station was suspended yesterday by Chief Healey pending charges to be filed against him with the trial board. The action grows out of allegations by Lawrence Borzich, 441 Vernon avenue, East Chicago, Ind., who says he was robbed of \$1 early Sunday by a policeman wearing star No. 4706. Borzich testified Harrison partly on the strength of his having the star of that number and partly by his voice. In commenting on the suspension, Chief Healey said: "Borzich was not positive in his identification and if there is a mistake a great injustice is being done to Policeman Harrison."

## BOYS DEMAND REFORMS.

Board of Health of Juvenile Republic  
Wants Western Union to  
Improve Conditions.

Reforms were demanded of the Western Union Telegraph company last night by the board of health of the Boys' Brotherhood Republic. The health commission of the boy republic and two aides visited the headquarters of the company at La Salle and Jackson streets, and demanded that boys under 16 should not work in the messenger boys' room should be improved, and that the place should be cleaned up. The three boys, Harry Malkin, Edward Harris, and Alexander Weiner, are under 16.

## TELL GRAND JURY OF STRIKE

Mrs. Frances Little and Other Social  
Workers Give Garment  
Makers' Side.

Investigation of the garment workers' strike of the recent past was begun by the grand jury yesterday. Among the witnesses who appeared to testify were Mrs. Frances Little, social worker, a daughter of the late R. T. Crane, and Miss Ellen Gates Starr of the Hull House, and Mrs. W. E. Rodriguez, wife of the alderman. They declined to give their testimony before the grand jury.

## Police Fined for Speeding.

A. J. Kilbourne of 3 Elizabeth street, Oak Park, a commission merchant, was fined \$25 and costs by Judge Joseph Sabath in the Appellate court yesterday on a charge of speeding.

# The next big selling punch —is Quality

**T**HE next big selling punch is Quality. The next big manufacturing requirement will be for Quality.

The next big dealer demand will be for Quality.

The present demand on the part of the public for quality has made this a necessary condition of the automobile business.

The manufacturer who believed he could sell on price alone has found the pace too hot. Without quality there is no bottom to the price.

The dealer who chooses the manufacturer he is to represent on the basis of price alone will find the pace too hot. There is no bottom to price without quality.

The salesman who goes out to sell his prospect on price alone will find the pace too hot. There is no bottom to price without quality.

The customer who buys an automobile on price alone will find himself deceived. There is no bottom to price without quality.

A few years ago it was the full-floating axle against the semi-floating that sold automobiles. Sounds funny now—doesn't it?

The next year it was the fore-door on the body against the body without fore doors, that sold the automobile. You remember, don't you? The next year it was the starting and lighting system against hand cranking that sold the automobile. The next big selling punch was the streamline body against the old style.

Then came the biggest price-slashing, quality-smashing period in the history of the automobile industry. It began last Spring—went through the Summer—and came up into the Fall like a tornado.

Every manufacturer who merely wanted to sell cars, cut his price—and cut his quality.

A few reduced price but stood "pat" on quality. Jeffery was one of these. Jeffery has always built a quality car. Jeffery has never learned to cut quality to reduce price. When the big demand for motor cars came with a rush last spring—when other manufacturers were slashing prices and skimping quality—Jeffery "stood pat" on quality.

But with tremendous buying power—with one of the largest and most scientifically organized automobile factories in the world—Jeffery was able to reduce price, just as he has been able to each year, as advances in manufacturing methods and increased equipment made this step possible.

The famous Jeffery Four—famous the country over as a quality car selling at \$1450—was offered the American public at the startling price of \$1150.

Jeffery gave the public the benefit of decreased manufacturing and selling costs. But Jeffery believed public demand was still for quality. And Jeffery was right.

The demand leaped ahead.

Not one whit of quality had been taken out of the car.

It was identically the same automobile that had been selling for \$1450. Jeffery maintained quality and sold cars in big volume—in the face of the biggest quality smashing period the business has ever seen.

With this winter came a new big selling punch—in the production of a high grade demountable Sedan top at the unheard of price of \$165 above list price of the touring car.

This was the Jeffery punch—and practically all manufacturers have gone into the demountable top proposition to keep the pace.

THE NEXT BIG SELLING PUNCH IS QUALITY.

The multiple cylinder phase of the business has had little effect. Manufacturers who build in large quantities have not found this type of motor practical.

The next big selling punch is quality.

Watch developments at the New York and Chicago Shows.

Notice the inclination on the part of standard motor car manufacturers to hold to their present prices or even to increase prices.

The reason is plain:

Other manufacturers understand that it would be hopeless for them today, with the costs of materials and labor where they are, to attempt to build a car like the Jeffery, sell it for \$1000 and make a big profit.

Today no other manufacturer would even think of building the Jeffery car at its present price on the margin which he could realize.

Jeffery can do it because Jeffery bought materials a long time in advance, when the market was low—and because Jeffery has the capital—because Jeffery has the equipment, because the Jeffery plant is organized along advanced lines—because Jeffery cars are 93% built beneath the Jeffery roof—because Jeffery has had the experience!

Watch developments at the New York and Chicago Shows!

Watch the big advertising mediums. Note what they have to say, beginning the first of January. Listen for the shout of quality on the part of even those salesmen who are selling cheaper cars.

There is no punch left in the price. The prices of most cars built in large quantities have been reduced to the point where the competitive element is practically gone. They are all on the same basis.

Now one car must be judged against the other on the basis of quality and quality alone.

By quality we mean the use of the highest grade steel and other materials.

By quality we mean exacting tests of all materials before they are put into the car.

We mean the use of the finest materials that can be bought for the hidden parts of the car which are never seen but which have such a vital effect on the owners ultimate cost and satisfaction.

By quality we mean advanced engineering design—perfect balance

between motor and chassis—spring suspension that gives comfort over rough country roads—smooth, easy co-ordination between every part of the car with every other part.

By quality we mean efficiency—lighting and starting efficiency—ignition efficiency—efficient carburetion.

By quality we mean economy of operation—economy of gasoline and oil consumption—economy on tires—economy of maintenance and replacement cost.

By quality we mean motor quietness, smoothness, power and flexibility.

By quality we mean tires of sufficient size—high grade axles—substantial fenders that do not rattle.

By quality we mean high-grade finish and quality upholstery—beauty of appearance that endures.

By quality we mean body capacity and length of wheel-base.

By quality we mean everything that goes into an automobile that makes it stand up and go on, day after day, giving good service to the owner.

And the motor-buying public has learned what motor car quality means.

The public has refused to be led by the will o' the wisp of price alone. Every manufacturer producing a car in any quantity whatever, will strive, this winter, with might and main, to catch the public as it turns away from price talk to come back to quality.

People were brought by the dealer, by the salesman, and by the manufacturer to a state of mind where they almost believed that it was possible, under present conditions, to build a high grade, high efficiency, quality automobile of standard size at a price below \$1000.

It simply can't be done!

The experience of every manufacturer who has ever tried to build a quality car below \$1,000 has proved it can't be done.

The dealer who has tried to make his customers believe in the quality of cheap cars has failed to convince them.

The salesman who has talked low price alone is giving up his task.

Quality cannot be built into an automobile for less than \$1000.

If it could be done, Jeffery would be doing it. Jeffery bought materials in advance, when the prices were low—and Jeffery manufactures 93% of every motor car which leaves the Jeffery plant. If any manufacturer were able to produce a quality car at a price below \$1000 Jeffery could do it.

On the other hand, no manufacturer who cannot match his facilities against the Jeffery capacity, manufacturing equipment, organization and far-sightedness in buying, can hope to produce a car of Jeffery quality at a \$1000 price.

The Jeffery car, with 116 in. wheel base, 34x4 in. wheels, with the Jeffery high speed, high efficiency motor, stands today as the highest grade, finest automobile built in the world to sell at \$1000 and it will remain the best, highest grade automobile to sell at \$1000 as long as manufacturers continue to cheapen their products to catch an imaginary demand on the part of the public for cheapness alone.

It has been proved beyond a doubt that the public does not want price alone.

Mark that down!

The public does not want price alone! The public wants a car of stylish appearance, of sufficient capacity to carry seven passengers comfortably and five passengers with extra room—a car that will keep on running, from day to day, with minimum deterioration.

## Things That Constitute Real Motor Car Quality

These are things that Jeffery has incorporated in a \$1000 car—by buying materials before the rise in price—by building a motor car complete under one roof—by organizing a giant plant on a highest efficiency basis—by paying for skilled workmen, and by saving through advanced types of equipment and by systematization methods used exclusively in the Jeffery plant.

No manufacturer who has not a plant equal to the Jeffery plant and an organization equal to the Jeffery organization—a buying power equal to the Jeffery buying power can possibly duplicate Jeffery quality at a \$1000 price. These are the things we mean when we speak of Quality.

## Read these Important Features:

Standard seven-passenger body  
Divided lounge-type front seats  
Extra length springs  
Shipping weight 2800 pounds  
116-inch wheel base  
34 x 4 Good year Fortified tires—  
all-weather tread rear  
Jeffery Chatterfield body  
Rear seat 48 inches wide  
Easy riding auxiliary seats  
Extra wide doors  
Deep leather upholstery  
Concealed door hinges  
Left drive—center control  
Light Brewster-green finish  
Jeffery high-speed motor  
Unit power plant  
Extra large motor bearings  
High-tension magneto ignition  
High-efficiency carburetor  
Electric starting and lighting  
Smooth acting disc clutch  
Silent gear shift  
Easy-control steering gear  
Hutchinson type flexible drive  
Silent rear axle  
Extra surface brakes  
Emergency brake on propeller shaft  
Jeffery one-man top  
Adjustable clear-vision windshield  
Locking double dimmer lights  
Automatic gasoline feed  
Complete equipment  
93% Jeffery built

In addition, there are the thousands of little details in materials and in workmanship which go to make a quality car.

For example: Jeffery uses Rich tungsten steel valves, which do not require grinding. Jeffery uses an extremely large number of drop forgings.

The Jeffery drop forge department is one of the largest and finest of its kind in the entire automobile business.

The Jeffery crank shaft is of selected forged steel .35% to .45% carbon; double heat-treated; extra strong; 2 inch diameter.

The Jeffery main bearings are extra large.

Jeffery carburetion ignition, and starting and lighting are as fine as can be found on the most costly motor cars.

The Jeffery clutch is of three dry disc plate type—smooth and easy in its action.

The Jeffery front axle is drop forged, special analysis I-beam with steering knuckles of chrome nickel steel, heat-treated; taper roller bearings of case hardened nickel steel. Jeffery rear axle is of the floating type and identical with that of one of America's highest priced cars.

The weight of the Jeffery is only 2800 lbs.—giving lightness and economy, combined with great strength which is the result of scientific design and selection of materials.

The Jeffery laboratories and engineering department are constantly experimenting and testing new materials and new designs—assuring Jeffery owners the benefits of the latest metallurgical and engineering discoveries.

Jeffery has always built and

sold on a basis of quality—until

Jeffery quality has become a

proverb among Jeffery owners.

That is what the public wants and that is

what the public is going to demand.

The manufacturer knows it now; the dealer will learn it next; the salesman will find it out; the public has known it all the time.

So the next big punch is quality.

The manufacturer will put it into his advertising.

The dealer will shout it from the housetops. The salesman will tell it to his prospects.

The day of low price alone as a selling punch is gone. The public knows that below a certain standard price, quality cannot be had.

The day of critical examination of automobiles has come.

The Jeffery Company welcomes this day—because Jeffery motor cars have always been built for quality—never for price—and the Jeffery policy will be to maintain the quality—first, last and all the time.

Quality always wins.



CHICAGO DISTRIBUTORS  
CENTAUR MOTOR CO., 2246 Michigan Ave., Chicago  
The Thomas B. Jeffery Company  
Main Office and Works, Kenosha, Wisconsin



# FURS! Uhlemann's Great Annual Clearance Sale Opens Today

COATS of Hudson Seal, Caracul, Mole, Leopard—  
MUFFS and SCARFS of Natural Mink, Natural Fisher,  
Black Fox, Red Fox, White Fox, Skunk, Hudson  
Seal, Chinchilla Squirrel, Russian Sable, Hud-  
son Bay Sable—SETS of Cross Fox, Silver  
Fox, Red Fox, Mole and Ermine, Hud-  
son Seal, Natural Lynx and Thou-  
sands of Other Fur Pieces, at

## 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ to 50% Off

The greatest fur event of the year, annually looked forward to by the women and men of Chicago's territory, starts today with the most attractive money-saving, value-giving offers ever presented. It will far surpass any previous sale ever held by us. Regardless of former costs and present values, regardless of our own profits, but mindful only of the fact that every article in our immense stocks must be cleared out at once, all previous prices have been wiped out of existence and new prices, from 33 $\frac{1}{3}$  to 50% lower, now prevail. Such prices make this the most wonderful fur merchandising opportunity of the season. Better quality than Uhlemann's is impossible, lower prices would not pay the cost of the raw skins. The pelts, the linings, the workmanship, the style are all of the highest possible quality.

## Nothing Reserved— Nothing Held Back for Next Year!

This is a genuine clearance. Our 40-year old policy of selling only fresh, new furs positively prevents any "hold-overs." With this policy backing this sale, with our reputation—gained by over 40 years of satisfactory fur service to discriminating fur buyers—and with the incentive of just having closed a very successful season, we enter upon this momentous clearance sale with the positive assurance that never will there be another opportunity like this one to buy furs of supreme quality at Uhlemann's clearance sale prices.

As proof of our assertion that Uhlemann's are actually offering "bargains," we have chosen a few items from our enormous stocks and list them here. Bear in mind that the prices quoted are the reduced prices—33 $\frac{1}{3}$  to 50% below UHLEMAN'S ordinarily conservative prices.

| Coats                               |                   |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Was                                 | Now               |
| 1 Mole Coat, Skunk trimmed.....     | \$400.00 \$225.00 |
| 1 Mole Coat, Skunk trimmed.....     | 300.00 150.00     |
| 1 Hudson Seal Coat, Ermine trimmed  | 450.00 250.00     |
| 2 Hudson Seal Coats, Kolinsky trim- | 450.00 250.00     |
| med.....                            |                   |
| 1 Hudson Seal Coat, Battleship Fox  | 550.00 375.00     |
| trimmed.....                        |                   |
| 1 Hudson Seal Coat, Red Fox trimmed | 425.00 225.00     |
| 1 Caracul Coat, Skunk trimmed, im-  | 450.00 300.00     |
| ported model.....                   |                   |
| 1 Leopard Coat, Skunk trimmed.....  | 140.00 95.00      |
| 6 Plain Hudson Seal Coats.....      | 175.00 125.00     |
| 1 Hudson Seal Coat, Beaver trimmed  | 250.00 175.00     |
| 1 Hudson Seal Coat, Beaver trimmed  | 350.00 240.00     |
| 1 Hudson Seal Coat, Patagonian Fox  | 300.00 230.00     |
| trimmed.....                        |                   |
| Ladies' Fur Lined Coats.....        | 125.00 75.00      |

| Sets                        |                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Was                         | Now               |
| 1 Cross Fox.....            | \$250.00 \$150.00 |
| 1 Cross Fox.....            | 200.00 125.00     |
| 1 White Fox.....            | 125.00 90.00      |
| 2 Battleship Fox.....       | 100.00 50.00      |
| 1 Battleship Fox.....       | 145.00 70.00      |
| 1 Pointed Fox.....          | 160.00 95.00      |
| 3 Dyed Blue Fox.....        | 125.00 70.00      |
| 1 Natural Lynx.....         | 100.00 75.00      |
| 6 Red Fox.....              | 75.00 50.00       |
| 1 Natural Fisher.....       | 200.00 140.00     |
| 1 Broadtail and Ermine..... | 125.00 65.00      |

| Muffs                             |                   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Was                               | Now               |
| 1 Large Hudson Bay Sable.....     | \$250.00 \$150.00 |
| 2 Hudson Bay Sable.....           | 200.00 125.00     |
| 1 Extra Dark Round Mink.....      | 125.00 70.00      |
| Flat Mink.....                    | 85.00 55.00       |
| Persian Lamb.....                 | 65.00 45.00       |
| Small Round Hudson Seal.....      | 30.00 18.00       |
| Round Hudson Seal.....            | 45.00 25.00       |
| Flat Hudson Seal.....             | 55.00 28.00       |
| Round Skunk Muffs with cuffs..... | 45.00 25.00       |
| Round Skunk Muffs.....            | 45.00 25.00       |
| Round Skunk Muffs.....            | 30.00 20.00       |
| Round Black Lynx.....             | 65.00 45.00       |
| Flat Black Lynx.....              | 55.00 35.00       |
| Russian Black Lynx, flat.....     | 16.00 12.00       |
| Japanese Cross Fox.....           | 55.00 35.00       |
| Ermine, round.....                | 125.00 70.00      |

| Scarfs  |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| Was   | Now               |
| Hudson Bay Sable, 4 skins.....                  | \$200.00 \$140.00 |
| Hudson Bay Sable, 2 skins.....                  | 70.00 45.00       |
| Hudson Bay Sable, 1 skin.....                   | 45.00 25.00       |
| 1 Lot Natural Raccoon.....                      | 20.00 12.00       |
| 1 Lot Japanese Cross Fox.....                   | 30.00 20.00       |
| White Fox Scarf.....                            | 75.00 45.00       |
| Silver Fox Set.....                             | 900.00 500.00     |
| Black Lynx Scarfs.....                          | 60.00 40.00       |
| Black Lynx Scarfs.....                          | 40.00 20.00       |
| Skunk Scarfs.....                               | 30.00 20.00       |
| Skunk Chin Chin from \$12.00 to \$20.00         |                   |
| 1 Lot Mink Scarfs less than half price to close |                   |

As we have deliberately and literally cut all prices to the lowest possible point, we urge that you take full advantage of this sale by shopping early. No matter how large or small your fur needs, no matter how much or how little you have to spend for your furs, don't fail to attend this sale. Grasp the opportunity now to complete your wardrobe with a Uhlemann Fur Coat, Scarf, Muff or Fur Set.

Altering and Remodeling Furs at the same reductions in price which are in force on all Furs throughout this sale.

## R. G. UHLEMAN FUR CO.

ESTABLISHED 1875

Chicago Savings Bank Bldg.—7 West Madison St.—S.W. Corner State St.

Entire Fourth Floor

At This Corner Almost Half a Century

Telephone Central 4180

Large Variety of  
ODD SCARFS,  
WRAPS AND  
MUFFS at Less  
Than Half

Starting TODAY  
THIS SALE  
WILL CONTINUE  
UNTIL  
JANUARY 8



New pelts are coming in daily from agents in the Far North and other trading stations in all parts of the world. These new skins—this season's catch—find room in our shop. New goods take precedence over the stock now on hand therefore it must be sold at once.

SECT  
GENER  
SOCIETY  
MARKETS

OF 2,669P  
2,325 VO  
SCHOOL

Want Boys to Ha  
Primary Militar  
Under Exper

SYSTEM EASY

PARENTS' B  
For military drill  
schools.....  
Against military drill  
schools.....

Total vote to de  
Percentage in favor  
Percentage opposed  
Percentage abstain

BY HENRY M

WE  
WILL

parents who signed the

The favorable percent  
poll so far as complete  
most 85 per cent. Out  
discarded so far record  
signified their disappro  
Apparently it needs  
last in making the con  
by no means confined  
own readers. Witho  
movement of any kind  
was mailed to the pare  
who is attending the  
middle of Chicago, admi  
posed their preference a  
ment of the setting up  
very drill as part of th  
course. The surprising  
withholding vote in favo  
plan may be taken, the  
representing the wishes  
vitaly interested.

Many Under Pres

That the setting up of  
ary drill can be easily  
present system of physio  
used in the high school  
the experience of the Se  
the Twenty-fifth ward,  
last director, H. J. Cro  
tated optional classes  
Though the boys are no  
arms or equipment, the  
proved increasingly pop  
in several other high  
also optional classes in  
bayonet fencing. In  
the gymnasium class  
ready some training in  
and in mass exercises.  
That the regular West  
exercise would be the  
the present course is in  
graph in the report of  
general supervisor of ph  
in all the public schools  
the last year.

Girls Look

"As regards the postur  
girls while marching,"  
port on the high school  
clams were undoubtedly  
girls. This fact was al  
my report regarding  
schools. Whether the co  
posture of the boys is a  
ness or work outside of  
playing of certain games,  
it is difficult to say."

That the physical drive  
high schools are takin  
enthusiastic interest in  
movement in the cour  
lature received from the  
"What we chiefly nee  
school director, "is mo  
thing these lines. The  
reaches in the cour  
work for physical educa  
ber of schools the boy  
period on account of the  
the classes. Many teach  
hours after school  
household, in order to be  
challenges and to give  
portunity to play their gr  
should have an hour a  
physical training and  
ness and finances to pe  
teaching force have be  
obstacles to carrying out

Bemedy for Shor

"A part remedy for the  
might be applied imme  
while the teaching forc  
school yards and nei  
grounds and parks for  
making attendance by ev  
very."

"Permanent provision  
in the school buildings sh  
soon as practicable. Su  
would be a permanent  
towards real preparedne  
parents of peace or for na  
An interesting feature  
of yesterday is the co  
ber of parents who rep  
ness are already getting  
schools, some degree of  
the."

"My eldest son," wri  
"has had two years as  
a national guard batt  
because a bugler becau  
from any other serv  
will have a chance for  
training, we hope. We  
last our ancestral history  
wards, "th, "th and "th."  
A down card carry th  
father who believe in un  
standing and service, and  
we more some things to



WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1915.

\* \* 13

## OF 2,669 PARENTS 2,325 VOTE FOR SCHOOL DRILLS

Want Boys to Have Benefit of  
Primary Military Training  
Under Expert's Eye.

### SYSTEM EASY TO INSTALL.

**PARENTS' BALLOT.**  
For military drill in high schools.....2,325  
Against military drill in high schools.....344  
Total vote to date.....2,669  
Percentage in favor of military drill.....87.5  
Percentage opposed to military drill.....12.5

BY HENRY M. HYDE.

The percentage of people who want their boys to have the benefit of military drill in the high schools of Chicago increases with each day of the poll. The count of the postcards received yesterday shows that more than 60 per cent of the parents who signed the cards are in favor of the plan.

The favorable percentage of the whole poll, so far as completed, also rose to 87.5 per cent. Out of a total of 2,669 parents so far recorded only 344 have indicated their disapproval.

Apparently it needs to be emphasized that in making the canvass this Tribune means confined its attention to its own readers. Without previous announcement of any kind a personal letter was mailed to the parents of every boy attending the twenty-two high schools of Chicago, asking them to put on record their preference as to the establishment of the setting up exercises and military drill as part of the regular school course. The surprising and almost overwhelming vote in favor of the proposed plan may be taken, therefore, as fairly representing the wishes of the people most directly interested.

### Easy Under Present System.

That the setting up exercises and military drill can be easily grafted onto the present system of physical education pursued in the high schools is indicated by the experience of the St. Paul High school in the twenty-fifth ward, where the physical director, H. J. Crook, this fall instituted optional classes in military drill. Though the boys are not furnished with uniforms or equipment, the drill classes have proved increasingly popular. In this and several other high schools there are the optional classes in drill, and the boys are given the opportunity to take them. In some of the schools the gymnasium class work includes at least some training in military tactics and in team exercises.

That the regular West Point setting up exercises would be a great addition to the present course is indicated by a paragraph in the report of Henry Sider, the physical supervisor of physical education in all the public schools of the city, for this year.

### Girls Look Best.

"As regards the posture of the boys and girls while marching," he says in his report on the high school work, "the girls were undoubtedly in favor of the drill. This fact was also mentioned in my report regarding the elementary schools. Whether the comparatively poor posture of the boys is a result of lack of work or work outside of schools or the playing of certain games, such as football, is difficult to say."

"The physical directors at the various high schools are taking an active and enthusiastic interest in the suggested improvements in the course is indicated by the reports received from them."

"What we chiefly need," writes one director, "is more time in order that we may do more thorough work along these lines. The high school course provides for only two periods a week for physical education. In a number of schools the boys have only one period in account of the lack of space for drill. Many teachers, however, are doing extra hours after school, without remuneration, in order to help make up the deficiency and to give the boys an opportunity to play their games. Each boy should have an hour a day for directed physical training and games. Lack of space and finances to pay the necessary teachers force have been the principal obstacles to carrying out such a program."

### Remedy for Shortcomings.

"A part remedy for these shortcomings might be applied immediately by providing the teaching force, utilizing the school yards and neighboring playgrounds and parks for school work, and making attendance by every boy compulsory."

"Permanent provision for ample space in the school buildings should be made as far as practicable. Such a movement would be a permanent and effective step towards the peace of our national defense."

An interesting feature of the cards received yesterday is the considerable number of parents who report that their sons are already getting outside the school, some degree of military training.

"My oldest son," writes one father, "has had two years as a non-com in a national guard battery. A younger son has been a bugler because his age barred him from any other service. A third son will have a chance for some military training, we hope. We are not warlike, but our ancestral history runs into three times '73, '75 and '81."

A father who believes in universal military training and service, and who has one son now in the army, writes:

## HE SAVED

He Had Many "Sure Things"  
Tips on "War Brides" at  
Board of Trade—But No.



J. H. HILL  
SPEECHES  
AND  
ADVICE

### WINS BY JILTING

### ALL WAR BRIDES

Son of Board of Trade  
Guard Ignores Tips, Applies for Membership.

Johnny's dad was policeman on the board of trade as far back as Johnny could remember, and with a view of following in his father's footsteps, Johnny left school in early youth and went to work in the board of trade secretary's office.

He worked hard at running errands and chafing about on the trading floor of the exchange for members. He did not envy the members, but in his mind's eye he carried a picture of his father's policeman uniform and longed for the time to come when he, too, would wear blue and brass trimmings.

### Another Bung on Ladder.

Johnny was promoted, and instead of Johnny, the messenger boy, he became Jack, the guard at the door of the smoking room on the exchange floor.

In this post he met all the big traders. He was also in close touch with all outside speculators, many of whom are attracted to the exchange by a simple pass to the smoking room.

Jack punched the pass as the visitors came in and greeted the members of the board as they passed to and fro. In return he was given innumerable tips on the market—all "real sure things."

He was there when Letter, Phillips, and Patten put through "deals" that changed \$10 into \$10,000, and \$10,000 into 10 cents over night, and he was "put right" every time.

He read and heard the stories of "war bride" millionaires.

### Steps Up Again.

Yesterday John M. Sheeren of 4222 Monroe street, formerly Jack and previous to that Johnny, made application for membership on the board of trade, and secured a membership on the board costs \$3,500, and when elected Mr. Sheeren will pay for it with money that he has saved from his daily earnings in the employ of the board of trade.

He never would a war bride, he never accepted a "sure thing" tip, and he never gambled.

When asked why he did not take a chance once in a while Mr. Sheeren answered:

"I have a girl and two kids at home, and if you put anything in the paper about me I'll knock your block off."

That ended the interview.

### SHUTS TWO CRIME SALOONS

Mayor Revokes Licenses of Bars at  
Thirty-ninth and Cottage Grove  
and on Federal.

Two saloons in which crimes have been committed were closed yesterday by Mayor Thompson. The license of the saloon of R. Rindesberger, 3945 Cottage Grove avenue, was revoked because of the robbery of A. A. McKelvey there on Dec. 11. Theodore Rosenfield's license at 301 Federal street was revoked because of a shooting and stabbing affray there on Dec. 22.

### Contentions in Session Today.

American Library association (mid-week meeting).....Hotel La Salle  
Illinois Library association.....Hotel La Salle  
League of Library Commissioners.....Hotel La Salle  
University Librarians' association.....Hotel La Salle  
American Association of Librarians.....Hotel La Salle  
Schools.....Hotel La Salle  
Association of School Teachers.....Hotel La Salle  
Illinois State Teachers' association.....Hotel La Salle  
National Commercial Teachers' Federation.....Hotel La Salle  
National Geographic Society.....Hotel La Salle  
National High School Teachers' association.....Hotel La Salle  
National Business Teachers' association.....Hotel La Salle  
National Association of Accredited Commercial Schools.....Hotel La Salle  
Association of American Law Schools.....Hotel La Salle  
Phi Delta fraternity.....Hotel La Salle  
American Building University of Chicago.....Hotel La Salle  
American Society of Agricultural Engineers.....Hotel Sherman

## WHO'S LOONY? WHY, EVERY ONE. EVEN THE MAYOR

Psychopathic Test Shows City  
Officials Have Minds of  
Ten Year Olds.

### DRY LEADER ABOUT EIGHT.

Who is feeble minded?  
According to the Binet-Simon tests used by the municipal psychopathic department, no personages less than Mayor Thompson, County Clerk Switzer, Fire Marshal O'Connor, former City Attorney N. L. Piotrowski, former Commissioner of Gas and Electricity Ray Palmer, Seymour Steadman, Socialist candidate for mayor, and John H. Hill, Probationist majority candidate.

The Binet-Simon tests consist of groups of questions graded according to difficulty for the use of children between the ages of 4 and 15. Any one not able to answer the questions for 12 year olds is declared feeble minded.

### Mayor a Defective?

When the tests were applied to Mayor Thompson he proved to be not ten years old, mentally, and hence a defective. Neither was County Clerk Switzer up to the ten year standard. Fire Marshal O'Connor could not qualify as an 8 year old. Mr. Piotrowski, Seymour Steadman, and former Commissioner Palmer failed at the ten year tests. John H. Hill was the lowest of all.

These and other alleged false results of the Binet-Simon method were cited in a two hour discussion between some of the country's leading psychologists, convened at the University of Chicago for the first day's session of the twenty-fourth annual meeting of the American Psychological association, as proof of the inadequacy of mental examinations such as are given by Dr. William J. Hickson at the Chicago Psychopathic hospital connected with the Municipal court.

### All Feeble Minded?

Prof. J. E. Wallace Wallin of the St. Louis Psycho-Educational clinic, attacked the Binet system in a fifteen minute address.

"During the last three or four years," he said, "thousands of people have been classified as feeble minded because Binet tests have shown that they pass mentalities of 10, 11 or 12 years. Now, if we are justified in pronouncing older adolescents or adult murderers or other criminals or grade and high school retardates as feeble minded on the basis of these standards, then we must call an end to the use of Binet tests in criminal cases, in the schools, in the army, in the navy, in the police, in the courts, in the business world, in the home, in the church, in the synagogue, in the mosque, in the temple, in the university, in the laboratory, in the office, in the factory, in the warehouse, in the counting house, in the bank, in the stock exchange, in the bond market, in the money market, in the commodity market, in the foreign exchange market, in the insurance market, in the real estate market, in the shipping market, in the railway market, in the telegraph market, in the telephone market, in the post office market, in the express market, in the freight market, in the passenger market, in the mail market, in the news market, in the advertising market, in the publishing 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## RESORTS AND HOTELS

## RARE INGREDIENT DISCOVERED IN WATERS AT NOTED CALIFORNIA SPRINGS

**Eminent Scientist Claims Arrowhead Waters Equal to Europe's**

**World's Hottest Curative Springs Attract Thousands of Health Seekers**

The wonderful curative qualities of the waters and mud baths at Arrowhead Hot Springs, the noted Southern California watering resort, have always been a source of complete mystery that has baffled the medical profession. The popular theory was that the waters were exceptionally radioactive. However, it has just recently been discovered by Dr. C. E. Sanders, the eminent physician, that the reason these waters are so curative is because of the presence of di-sodium arsenate in combination with the radio-activity.

Dr. Sanders' claim and the analysis of Curtis and Tompkins, the San Francisco chemists, shows that di-sodium arsenate to the extent of 1-32 grains per U. S. gallon is contained in the Arrowhead waters.

The presence of di-sodium arsenate has been verified by the official analysis of the French government. The Le Bourbeuse arsenic springs near Paris, France, are the most noted di-sodium arsenate springs in the world containing this rare ingredient in right proportion, and Arrowhead Springs water is the only American water ever officially analyzed by the French government, which places it in a class by itself.

In speaking of the late discovery, Dr. Sanders, a graduate student of the University of California, bachelor of arts of Cambridge University, England, and a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, says:

"The arsenical water at Arrowhead, when cooled sufficiently, is palatable and pleasant, and will be found of sovereign service medicinally in the hands of skilled physicians who understand the therapeutic action of di-sodium arsenate in solution as prepared in nature's laboratory. Di-sodium arsenate, in this mineral water, acts as an alternative—it increases the appetite and digestion, is invigorating, and improves the whole nutrition of the body."

## Comment on Natural Steam Caves.

Because arsenic exists in the waters and the wonderful natural steam caves in the mountains at Arrowhead, Dr. Sanders believes, "The therapeutic action of this steam alone is sufficient to make Arrowhead famous the world over. In fact, if these waters were situated in Europe, Arrowhead would quickly become as famous, if not more so, than any of the foreign spas."

The natural di-sodium arsenate steam caves are really one of the wonders of the world. They are situated in the bluffs of Waterman Canyon, just a short distance from the hotel, and are without a doubt the most effective steam baths known.

## Boiling Eggs in Arrowhead Springs.

By comparing the Arrowhead Springs with other world famous spas, it will be noted that the former are the hottest curative springs in the world, containing from the bowels of the earth at the exceptional temperature of 202° Fahrenheit, 38° hotter than the Sprudel Springs at Carlsbad, 82° hotter than the Aransas Springs, 84° hotter than the Vichy Springs of France. Some idea of the intense heat of the Arrowhead water may be gathered from the fact that eggs can be easily boiled in the springs in from three to five minutes. Scientists claim that it is the hot water, charged with its natural gases and emanations, which produces the beneficial effects. This being true, Arrowhead ranks first in the healing qualities of its waters.

## The Mystic Arrowhead on Mountainside.

Arrowhead Hot Springs resort is situated in San Bernardino county, Southern California—the Italy of America—just sixty miles from Los Angeles, and takes its name from the gigantic arrowhead blazed on a smooth-cut granite of one of the peaks of the Sierra Madre. This mysterious natural arrowhead, which points directly at the healing springs, covers nearly eight acres of ground and is as distinct in outline as any that ever tipped an Indian arrow.

## Throngs of Winter Tourists to Visit Arrowhead.

With the war raging abroad, Arrowhead no doubt will be one of the favorite American spas for thousands of health and recreation seekers from all parts of the world this winter. Located at an altitude of 1,500 feet, Arrowhead affords more perfect days during the year for outdoor life than any other place in the world. Winter is heralded by a beautiful green on the hillside that continually fascinates the visitor. Miles of easy mountain trails invite one to quiet rambles or strenuous climbs, with some new view of surpassing beauty at every bend in the trail. Tennis, motorcars, horseback riding and driving, and countless other delights, are enjoyed with keen zest at Arrowhead.

Connecting this magnificent mountain health resort with Los Angeles, Pasadena, San Diego and the other leading cities of Southern California are smooth concrete and macadam boulevards, and motorways to Arrowhead from these different cities has become quite a popular week-end trip.

## The Picturesque Hotel at Arrowhead.

Shaded by gorgeous wisteria, rose, and other fragrant climbing bushes, the hotel at Arrowhead faces one of the most inspiring panoramas in all California, for here before the eyes, stretching for miles, is a picture impossible to describe—foothills in all their varied forms, orange groves, vineyards, cypress groves, dashing mountain streams, silver strands of boulevard connecting scores of valley cities, transcontinental trains moving along, and countless other objects to inspire one. Back of the hotel are the towering, pine fringed mountains, cleft by romantic canyons of mystic beauty. No picture word or picture story can do justice to the beauty and charm of Arrowhead.

## The Fairmont Hotel

Since 1875 the Historic Hotel of San Francisco.

## Rates per day, with bath:

100 rooms \$2.50  
150 rooms \$3.00  
150 rooms \$3.50  
100 rooms \$4.00  
100 rooms \$5.00  
100 rooms \$6.00

Suites \$7.00 and upward

## Club Breakfasts,

40c to 80c

## The Fairmont Hotel

San Francisco's Most Exclusive Hotel, Under Same Management.

## RESORTS AND HOTELS



## Southern California

## The World's Hottest Curative Springs

California's most magnificently situated health and recreation resort. It lies tucked away in the beautiful San Bernardino mountains, 60 miles from Los Angeles.

The Arrowhead waters are world-famous for their curative properties. Temperature 202° F.

Here are found the only di-sodium arsenate natural steam caves in the world. The mud baths are radio-active.

Tennis, mountain climbing, motor-touring, dashing, and many other delightful diversions. Altitude 1,500 feet.

Large modern hotel, steam heated. Home-grown table produce.

Reached by three transcontinental lines; also fast electric cars from Los Angeles.

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Arrowhead Springs, Cal.



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DEL MONTE, CAL.

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AMERICAN PLAN

Write for folder and rates.

CARL STANLEY

Manager



## HOTEL VAN NUYS

Los Angeles, Cal.

No hotel in all the world has gained a more enviable reputation for excellence and service. The Van Nuys has that home-like atmosphere so much sought by the traveler.

Its central location makes it handy to the shops, theaters and churches. The Van Nuys has a world-wide reputation and has been the pattern for many of the leading hotels of the world. Operated on the European Plan. Rates from \$1.50 per day and up.

Write for Booklet.

R. W. THOMPSON and

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## HOTEL ST. FRANCIS

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In the Center of the City's Life and Color

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European Plan—From \$2 Per Day

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Let the "Overland Limited," like an Arabian genii, carry you over the Rocky Mountains to the glorious valleys of California, with their blooming gardens, their orange groves, their healing springs, their picturesque canyons, their wonderful auto roads. Go where you can play golf all through January and revel in a vast, beautiful out-of-doors full of warmth and sunshine.



Arrowhead Hot Springs, Arrowhead, California



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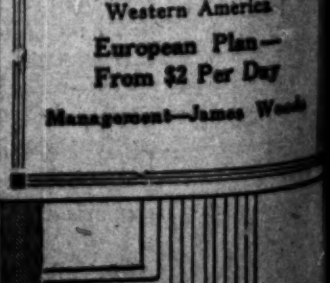
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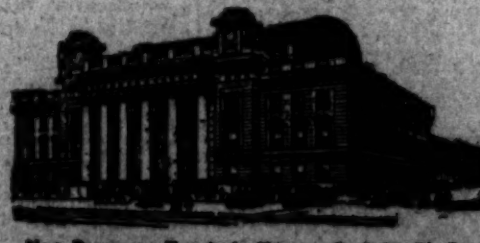
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